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THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 21

One of Cook county's commissioners has gone west, hurriedly. Chicago has several aldermen that should also go west, or somewhere else.

A very truthful remark as experience has shown, from the Indianapolis Herald: "If you let the democratic party alone it generally gets around and indorses republican measures.

A prominent liquor dealer east says the liquor men are trying to elevate their business. But the more they seem to try to elevate the whisky business, the more drunkards they make.

Dakota starts out well in school buildings and churches and big wheat crops and large republican majorities, but it should amend its divorce laws. A divorce can be too easily got in that territory.

The New York Times has at last been forced to say, that "as evidence of democratic capacity for the commonest duty of legislation the action of the house is at once pitiful and grotesque." It is a wonder or a pity that this chief of mugwump papers did not think of this when it gave the democratic party such hearty support in 1884.

It is very natural, although it is pretty early in the season for the speculators to start the report, that the winter wheat crop has been badly damaged by the recent sleets. The special business of the Chicago wheat speculators seems to be to send out premature reports about damaged crops. But it will be noticed that notwithstanding all this, seed time and harvest come around as usual.

Ex-Governor Pierce, of Dakota, writes a letter to the St. Paul Pioneer Press: "In case of trouble with Great Britain Dakota will become a very active field of operations. For 350 miles the territory borders on British possessions, and although the population of that region is scant, it is largely made up of daring men, accustomed to privations and dangers, and to whom the rich herds of Montana and Northern Dakota would afford resistless temptation. The chances for plunder would also attract adventurers from all parts of the dominion, and unless our frontier was effectively guarded Dakota would suffer severely. On the other hand, there is little to gain by return raids. The country could be occupied, but that is about all."

The State Journal of Saturday has the following item: "Freight solicitor Bresnham, of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway company, was at the Park yesterday. He had the pleasure, about one week ago, of riding over the road from Milwaukee to Waukesha on the first steam heated train that the company has run. The steam is supplied from the locomotive, and thus far the experimen has proved successful, but how the steam heating apparatus will behave when the thermometer marks—40 degrees can be told only by experience." An experiment has been made by the St. Paul company on a passenger branch between Milwaukee and Chicago but the weather was not cold enough to make the test thorough.

One of the perplexities in dealing with the labor party in Milwaukee is shown by the following: The common council of Milwaukee is in a quandary because The Arbeiter-Zeitung, the organ of the people's party, put in the lowest German bid to do the city printing. Alderman Wetherell said that before he would vote to give the work to "that anarchist paper" he would throw out the German printing altogether. The mayor withheld his sentiment on this point, but said that the puzzle might be solved by offsetting the lowest bid by the bidder's small circulation, or the council could abandon the German printing altogether. In the mayor's mind the council could not take into consideration a newspaper's public policy, no matter how odious it might be.

According to a dispatch from Washington to the Milwaukee Sentinel, Col. Vilas is on the road to great wealth. The dispatch says: "Postmaster-General Vilas is the owner of a huge 'stake' in the great Gogebec iron range in Wisconsin. The most remarkable mineral development in the country is going on in that locality. Mr. Vilas and his law partner were the owners of a very large tract of this property, which has been placed in the hands of a syndicate with millions of capital. Mr. Vilas is to receive a royalty on every ton of ore that is ever taken out of the numerous mines that are being rapidly developed there. His income from this source is likely to make him many times a millionaire. He is free from any care in the management of this vast property, and has nothing to do but to receive his share of the wealth it produces."

THE DOOM OF POLYGAMY.

The doom of polygamy in Utah is sealed at last. For forty years or more the practice of polygamy in that territory has been a dark blot on our civilization. It has been more than that,—it has been a disgrace to the nation and a humiliation to the government. Brigham Young founded Salt Lake City in 1847. In 1850 he was appointed governor of the territory of Utah by President Fillmore. As president and prophet of the Mormon church and as governor of the territory, under appointment by the government of the United States, he wielded an immense influence over the Latter Day Saints. Young was naturally a licentious man, and no sooner had he the authority of a high priest and the power of a federal governor than he began to enforce the doctrines of polygamy in his own case, and ere long he had twelve actual wives, and many who were "sealed to him" as his spiritual wives.

Brigham Young carried things with a high hand, and in 1856 he finally decided to defy the authority of the general government. A mob was organized in Salt Lake City, which proceeded to the court room of the United States district judge, then being the Hon. Thomas Drummond, of Chicago, afterward United States circuit judge, and at the point of the bowie knife compelled him to adjourn his court *sine die*. Other federal officials were compelled to flee the territory in order to save their lives. In 1857 President Buchanan sent a force of 2,500 men to restore order and compel obedience to the laws in Utah. But there were no Grants, or Shermans, or Sheridans in those days, and the expedition amounted to nothing. In fact it was a picnic for the Mormons. They attacked the federal troops outside Salt Lake City, cut off their supply train, and stole 800 oxen from the rear of the train, and drove them to the city for beef. The troops abandoned the project of taking possession of Salt Lake, and the Mormons were armed with greater power than ever.

From this time on, polygamy increased and the Mormons grew more defiant. Congress tried to deal with the curse of polygamy, but did not have the courage to go far enough to eradicate it. Cowardice and partisanship combined to defeat stalwart means to suppress the evil for nearly thirty years after the armed rebellion in 1856. Finally the Edmunds law was enacted five years ago, which was the first time in the history of Utah, that the power of the general government was felt among the polygamists of that territory. This gave congress a little more courage and drove partisanship out of the question, and at last the bill which sounds the death knell of polygamy which has so long been the nation's blot, was agreed to on Saturday.

It provides for the speedy punishment of bigamists and makes the husband and wife a competent witness.

No Mormon can marry without a certificate from the probate court.

It disapproves and annuls all territorial laws recognizing the capacity of illegitimate children to inherit or be entitled to any distributive share in the estate of the father.

It approves and annuls the acts of the legislative assembly incorporating or providing for the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints, and dissolves that corporation. It makes it the duty of the attorney general of the United States to institute legal proceedings to wind up the affairs of the corporation. This is the section that strikes the blow at the heart of the Mormon church.

It makes it unlawful for any woman to vote in any election, and annuls acts of the legislative assembly which permit female suffrage.

Dr. Edward C. Hughes, Rockford, Ill., (graduated N. Y. City 1886) voluntarily testifies: "Some years ago my only son, aged four, had an attack of the Whooping Cough, characterized by the most violent spasms I have ever seen in a practice of 18 years. Had several consultations with eminent physicians and all ordinary and extraordinary remedies were resorted to. The paroxysms were simply frightful. I believed the child would die. I reluctantly tried Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer and the effect was magical. Three bottles cured him." For sale by all druggists. Price 25c, 50c and $1 per bottle.

THE CHARGES AGAINST HILTON.

The Judge's Son-in-Law Says There's Nothing in Them.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Ex-Judge Horace Russell, Hilton's son-in-law, was seen at his office in the Stewart building Saturday with regard to the charges of fraud against Judge Hilton in connection with the disposal of the Stewart property. Judge Russell said: "I am opposed in this case, as I am in all, to trying an issue in advance in the newspapers, but I can not refuse to make a brief statement of a general nature of the defense. All the acrimonious charges in this complaint are based on the transfer of the business of A. T. Stewart to Mr. Hilton by Mrs. Stewart shortly after Mr. Stewart's death in 1876. This transfer was made by Mrs. Stewart not upon any request nor by reason of any influence by Mr. Hilton, but in consequence of directions which she said had been given her directly and personally by her husband. Mrs. Stewart had remaining many millions, quite sufficient to make liberal provisions for all of her relatives, which she has done by her will. I understand that not only Mr. Butler, but all of Mrs. Stewart's relatives, knew about the transfer of 1876 at the time it was made, and the reason for it. As the plaintiff is a lawyer he knows that the conveyance can not now be attacked, more than ten years having elapsed since it was made. Of course such litigation and such charges are unpleasant, but they seem to be inevitable in all large estates. Our answer will be filed in due time and the case will then be tried. Judge Hilton must wait until then for his vindication against all the malicious charges which constitute the burden of the plaintiff's complaint.

SUED BY THE PINKERTONS.

Jersey City's Mayor Says Something He Will Have to Prove.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Mayor Cleveland, of Jersey City, has been served with papers in a $25,000 libel suit brought against him by Robert and William A. Pinkerton, the detectives. The alleged libel consists of a letter which appeared in a New York paper over the mayor's signature, at the time of the appointment by the Jersey City police commissioners of the 101 Pinkerton men to guard the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad company's property during the strike. The mayor was opposed to their appointment, and in his letter condemning the police commissioners for their action, he wrote: "The Pinkerton army stands ready to charge at a moment's notice. And what an army it is! Organized by a British penal convict, it is now a power in the land."

Throat all swollen gets well of itself, but deepens until it undermines the constitution, wastes away health, strength and flesh, and finally fastens itself on the lungs, completing the wreck and ruin of the whole man. Dr. Bigelow's Cough Cure is the only safe, sure and speedy for coughs, colds and all throat and lung diseases. Sold by Prentice & Evenson, opposite postoffice, at fifty cents and one dollar. Pleasant to take and safe for children.

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Can't Sleep Nights is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c., 50c.

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TWO SUNDAY RIOTS.

BOSTON POLICE GIVEN A HANDFUL OF BUSINESS.

The Strikers Mob the Street Railway Cars and the Mounted Police Charge Savagely—Poisoned Figs for a Valentine—Closing Act of a Farmer's Spree—Assorted Sinfulness.

BOSTON, Feb. 21.—A mob of sympathizers with the street car strikers surrounded a car on Webster avenue Sunday evening and nearly wrecked it, driving away the "scab" conductor and driver. The police were summoned and had some difficulty in clearing the street. Several persons were quite badly hurt by stones and policemen's clubs.

Another riot took place later in the same vicinity. The police were in stonger force, and with a mounted contingent they charged savagely on the crowd, driving the people down the side streets. The rioters then formed small groups and pelted the police with bricks and stones. About a dozen officers were injured, some pretty severely. Owing to the scattered nature of the attack it was difficult to check it. A large number of arrests were made and the station houses were soon full of prisoners. There were occasional disturbances in South Boston, in the nature of isolated attacks upon "scabs," but the running of cars was not seriously impeded. A number of arrests took place.

Mayor Russell was on the ground during latter part of the time, and it is said that he exhibited weakness and indecision in the emergency. The police received valuable assistance from a few citizens. Representative Perkins took a prominent part in the affray, and he laid out several of the rioters with his heavy cane. Six of the police were injured, three seriously. The casualties among the mob no one knows. A later affray occurred on the Watertown line, just beyond the Cambridge boundary. A few hundred sympathizers attacked three cars with stones, smashing all the windows, but the passengers were unharmed. The police force and government of Cambridge are so saturated by political influences that they are inefficient for the emergency, and it looks as though outside interference would be necessary.

NELSON HAD BEEN "SPREEING,"

And Wound It Up by Trying to Kill His Wife, and Killing Himself.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 21.—A horrible tragedy was enacted about a mile and a half from the village of Attica Sunday afternoon. William Nelson, a farmer, quarrelled with his wife, and, as she attempted to leave the room, caught hold of her, at the same time taking a pistol from his pocket. A struggle ensued, in which the woman was thrown on the floor, whereupon Nelson placed the revolver close to her face and fired twice. One of the shots tore off the top of her left ear, and the powder burned her face. Before he could fire again she freed herself and ran screaming into the road. Here she met a man driving along, who took her into his buggy and drove rapidly to the house of Wilbor Nelson, who lives a few rods distant, and is a brother of the would-be murderer.

The men about the place started to Nelson's house at once, and when half way over heard a shot. Upon arriving at the place and going into the cellar they found that Nelson had blown off the top of his head with a shotgun. Near by lay the ramrod, with which he had evidently pushed down the hammer. Nelson had been on a spree for several days. He was in comfortable circumstances, owning a large farm. He had several times before threatened to kill his wife.

FIGS FULL OF POISON.

A Deadly Gift on Valentine's Day—No Clue to the Sender.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Feb. 21.—Miss Nebie Willis, a well known young lady, moving in good society in this city, received on St. Valentine's day a box of figs. She was about to eat one of the figs, when she noticed a green spot on the side. A closer examination revealed the fact that the fig had been slit open and a quantity of paris green inserted. Each fig was found to be treated the same way.

The young lady has received a number of anonymous and indecent communications recently, but no trace of the sender could be found. The only person the young lady ever had trouble with was a young Spaniard named Circo, who, becoming enamored of her, asked her to marry him. She refused and he threatened her life. She had him arrested at the time and after promising not to trouble Miss Willis any more, he was released. This happened last Christmas, since which time she has heard nothing of Circo.

A Moonshiner's Grit and Death.

WHEELING, W. Va., Feb. 21.—John Q. Harris, one of the most persistent manufacturers of moonshine whisky in West Virginia, and a man whom the federal authorities have pursued relentlessly but unsuccessfully for the past ten years, has just died at the house of Josiah Dilly, in Webster county, from a most peculiar cause. Harris reached Dilly's house late Friday night much exhausted, covered with mud, and wet to the skin, having evidently traveled a long distance and waded several mountain streams. In a short time he complained of a terrible pain in one of his toes, and, the pain becoming unendurable, he amputated the member with a mallet and chisel. The pain, however, ranged upward into his foot and legs, and in a few hours he died in great agony.

Satisfied Their "Honahs."

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 21.—A duel took place Sunday at Laberre plantation, Jefferson Parish, a few miles above the city, between Messrs. Andre L. Roman, editor of The Traite d'Union, a French daily newspaper, and Emile Revoire, business manager. Trouble arose over the conduct of the paper, and a challenge was sent by Roman and promptly accepted. The party took carriages and drove from the city to a field, arriving there about noon. The men were placed, and shots were exchange without effect. Revoire's friends then inquired if Roman was satisfied, to which that gentleman's seconds replied that he demanded another shot, which they desired, no matter what the result. Another exchange of shots was then had without result and the whole party returned to their carriages and the city.

One Bullet in a Good Place.

BETHANY, Ill., Feb. 21.—A terrible shooting affair took place Saturday in this quiet little village. Morris Hatfield shot his wife and himself. His wife is not considered dangerously hurt, the ball having lodged in her back, but was easily etracted by the physicians. Hatfield died at 7:15 Saturday evening, the ball having entered the right side, at a point about the middle of the eighth rib, ranging downward. Domestic troubles was the cause of the tragody.

The Act of a Brutal Ruffian.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 21.—Mrs. Matilda Warren, aged 23, living at 15 Hill street, was probably fatally shot at 7:30 Saturday night by Edward Jordan, a sign painter. Mrs. Warren was on her way to the grocery when she met Jordan beating a small boy. She remonstrated with him for doing so when he drew a revolver from his pocket and fired, the bullet penetrating her left lung. The lady's husband was standing in his doorway at the time and saw the shot fired but did not know that it had been directed at his wife until she staggered toward him and fell. She was carried into the house and a physician summoned. Jordan escaped.

A Vicious Anarchist Arrested.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—At a meeting Saturday of Independent Bakers' union No. 1, composed of pronounced Socialists and Anarchists, Adam Kort, one of the members, charged that the funds of the union were being systematically stolen. Albert Krouger, another member, immediately jumped to his feet and aimed a vicious blow at Kort with a huge dirk-knife, striking him in the right shoulder and cutting a deep gash to the elbow, laying bare the bone. Kort was taken to his home, Krouger making his escape. Subsequently officers broke down the door of Krouger's residence, 194 Larrabee street, and after a vigorous struggle put him under arrest.

A Drunken Matricide.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 21.—A woman of unsavory repute, named Mrs. Ogden, was found dead in the gutter in front of her house Saturday morning. Inside the house her son Peter was lying on the floor in a drunken stupor. The house inside was a complete wreck, the furniture and fixtures being all broken. It is supposed that mother and son both became intoxicated during the night, and that during a quarrel the latter murdered his mother and threw the body out of doors.

Unger Gets Twenty Years.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Capt. Unger was found guilty Saturday of manslaughter in the first degree and sentenced to twenty years imprisonment at hard labor. The verdict was a compromised several of the jurors holding that they were not quite satisfied that a case of murder in the first degree had been proven against him.

MINNEAPOLIS IN A FEVER.

She Yearns for the State Capital and is Willing to Pay for It.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 21.—Agitation over the removal of the capital is now at a fever heat on account of a proposition gotten up by Minneapolis. They propose to give the state twenty acres of good land in the city and erect a $3,000,000 capitol building, free of cost, if the capital is removed there. Pending the pushing of this proposition they offer to St. Paul that, if it is agreed by the legislature to move the state house to the western limits of St. Paul, which would be half way between the cities proper, they will not press the first proposal. While the St. Paul people regard the game a bluff there is a good deal of excitement over it. A vote of the people of the state is required to move the capital from St. Paul, but the legislature can locate the buildings anywhere in this city.

DEADLY WIND IN NEBRASKA.

Several Deaths Recorded and a Long List Looked for.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 21.—The recent storm was very severe both on life and property. West of McCook two men were picked up dead and another so badly frozen and exhausted that his life is despaired of. Many other fatalities are expected when reports come in from territory distant from the railroads. As the trains came in Saturday passengers and trainmen saw cattle in the draws buried to their heads in the snow. As hardly a cow was to be seen elsewhere, it is evident that most of them are entirely covered. Most of those seen will perish. In fact, all except the few that can be found and dug out by the small force available for that purpose will be lost. The losses of cattle will be something appalling. The storm covered the entire range on the east side of the Rocky mountains from the British line to New Mexico.

Did Grant Have a Hand at All?

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—The World publishes a Washington interview with an ex-general of the Union army who claims that the famous dispatch, "We will fight it out on this line if it takes all summer," was not originated by Gen. Grant, but by Secretary Stanton. According to the general's story very discouraging news was being received from the front and something had to be done to restore confidence and reassure the people. Secretary Stanton, as a means to this end, telegraphed to Grant to send some encouraging news, and at the same time advised and wrote out the form of dispatch to be transacted in response to his suggestion. The dispatch had a more powerful effect than its author even supposed it would. It gave heart and encouragement to the people of the north and was a potent factor in the following presidential campaign when Mr. Lincoln was re-elected.

A Peoria Distillery Seized.

PEORIA, Ills., Feb., 12.—Revenue Collector Wilson seized the large distilling house of Zell, Schwabacker & Co. Saturday for pronounced irregularities, which consisted in refilling packages contrary to law. The case is a palpable violation of the law, and may lead to serious annoyance for the firm. They have sent a representative to Washington City to confer with the department.

The cause of the seizure, definitely stated, was that a barrel had been refilled. The firm claim that the responsibility for the refilling rests with an employe, and that they knew nothing of it. The stock seized consists of about 800 barrels, valued at $40,000.

Those Virginia Coupons.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 21.—Judge Bond, sitting as the United States court for the eastern district of Virginia Saturday, rendered another decision involving the Virginia coupons. A Philadelphia drummer, named Katz, in December last offered the coupons in payment for a license to sell goods by sample in Virginia. The treasurer of Richmond refused to accept the coupons. Katz, nevertheless, went to work and sold his goods. He was arrested, charged by the Virginia authorities with having worked his route without a license. Judge Bond dismissed the case.

Supposed Incendiary Fire.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Fire, supposed to be of incendiary origin, Sunday morning destroyed the planing and furniture factory of George W. Straight, at the corner of Center avenue and Twenty-first street. Loss, $50,000; fully insured. A week ago the foreman for Straight was discharged, and there was a report that there had been some dissatisfaction among the men as a result.

Blaine Takes a Rest on Speeches.

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—Representative J. H. Manley, of Augusta, Me., writes to a committee of Irish Nationalists of this city, who had hoped to secure the services of Hon. J. G. Blaine for an address on the public celebration of Robert Emmet's birthday, March 4, in Faneuil hall, that Mr. Blaine will deliver no more speeches in public until after his new book is issued from the press.

Won an Important Suit.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 21.—The great suit of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad company and other creditors against the stockholders of the Kansas Rolling Mill company was decided Saturday morning by Judge Heisley in common pleas court. The case has been in progress for a month. The main issue was the test of the individual liabilities of the stockholders, D. P. Ells, W. H. Harris, Ira Harris, T. P. Handy and John Hay and Samuel Mather, executors of the estate of Amasa Stone. The decision was a complete victory for the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad company and other creditors who entered the suit on cross petition. The full liability is $345,946, divided into $122,046, on unpaid stock; $180,000 on original common stock, and $138,000 on preferred stock. The case will be taken to the higher courts by the defendants.

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Common Sense School Shoe,

Just the thing for Spring. Every pair warranted solid throughout, also a fine assortment of

Misses' & Children's Shoes,

In Kid and Pebble goat, with Heels or Spring Heels.

All goods at

LOW -:- CASH -:- PRICES !

L. L. CLARKE,

Opposite Kimball & Lowell's.

COAL, COAL!

No. 4 COAL IS THE BEST

Quality and best size in the market. To be convinced, just leave your order with

GATELEY!

I also offer special prices on

GREEN AND DRY WOOD !

The best Green Second Growth Oak in five cord lots or more, piled and measured in yard, for $4 50 per cord, or sawed two times for $5 25 per cord. Also special prices made on Green maple in 5 or 10 cord lots. Do not forget the place, 'The Model Coal Yard' North Bluff St., or leave orders with R. W. King or I C Brownell.

Farmers Wanting Green Wood Call at the yard for special Prices.

Thanking the public for their liberal patronage in the past and hopin they will continue to favor me in the future with the same, I remain,

Yours respectfully.

J. H. GATELEY.

HARD TIMES MADE EASY

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT MADE ON ALL GOOD IN STOCK FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS— CASH.

J. L. FORD.

19 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

F. C. COOK & CO.

Are offering bargains in Ladies' and Gents'

Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry.

Diamonds, Silverware, Etc.

They have the largest and best selected stock in the city.

P S. FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fifth Annual

Closing Sale!

THE CHICAGO BARGAIN STORE

Unusual bargains during February. Every article in our immense stock marked down during February.

BARGAINS!

In Dry Goods and bargains in Gent's Furnishing Goods, Table Linens, Toweling, Embroidery, Laces, Blankets, White Goods, Fancy Goods, etc.

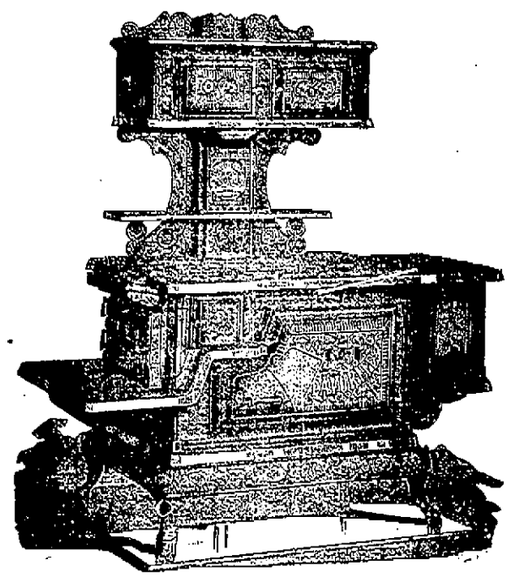
SPECIAL PRICES!

In Ladies' and Children's Cloaks and Underwear, we shall also include in this sale a large line of Clothing just received; and no matter what other's advertise, come in and see our prices.

WE PARALYZE ALL COMPETITION!

And justly claim to be the only bargain Store in Janesville "Don't be a Clam," but take advantage of our February bargains, and you will be agreeably surprised.

CHICAGO BARGAIN STORE



FAVORITE RANGE.

A personal examination with the recommends we have will convince any one that this beautiful Range has no equal.

HANCHETT & SHELDON.

Wholesale and retail dealers in Hardware, etc., Main St. Janesville Wis.

CITY ROLLER MILLS

Are now running night and day producing 500 barrels of flour every week, the following are the leading brands:

Rising Sun, Patent, Golden Wedding, Dandy Straight, Saint Louis Winter, Patent Buckwheat, Graham Flour, Bolted Corn Meal, Bran, Middlings and Chicken Feed.

The Mill is constantly behind on orders, it is the only Mill in the State which uses the G. T. Smith Centrifugal system, which is the most modern and best system now in use on patent flour.

Special attention is paid to Custom Work. All goods delivered free o charge to any part of the city. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Mail orders sent to Box 273 will receive prompt attention. Call and see us.

CROSSETT & BONESTEEL,

nov24wd6m *City Roller Mills, P. O. Block.*

I SAY, FRIEND!

Can you tell me where I can find the following sound old companies?

Connecticut of Hartford.	Niagara, of New York.
Fremans' Fund of California,	Orient, of Hartford.
German American of New York	City of London.
Germania, of New York,	Queen of Liverpool, England.
Guardian, of London England.	St. Paul F. & M. of St. P., Minn.
Hartford, of Hartford	Union, of California.
Merchants, of Newark N. J.	Underwriters Agency, of N. Y

North British and Mercantile, of London, England.

I know each of them has more than

ONE MILLION OF SOLID ASSETS

And are known for fair dealing. Yes, Sir! all of them are in the office of

MARK RIPLEY

Opposite Rock County National Bank.

PAINT YOUR BUGGY FOR ONE DOLLAR!

by using COTT'S ONE-COAT BUGGY PAINT. Paint Friday, run it to Church Sunday. Six Fashionable Shades: Black, Maroon, Vermilion, Olive Lake, Brewster and Wagon Green. No Varnishing necessary. Dries hard with a high Gloss. Tip top for Chairs, Furniture, Baby Carriages, Front Doors, Store Fronts, etc. Will send enough to paint your Buggy upon receipt of One Dollar, and warrant it to wear. Discount to the Trade. COTT & CO., 200 Kinzie St., Chicago, Ill.

THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 21.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY OF JANESVILLE, WIS. TERMS, DAILY, $5.00 PER YEAR, PAYABLE QUARTERLY. WEEKLY $1.50 PER YEAR. CASH IN ADVANCE.

NICHOLAS SMITH, PRESIDENT.
H. F. BLISS, TREAS. AND MANAGER.
WM. BLADON, SECRETARY.
JOHN C. SPENCER, CITY EDITOR

RESPONDING TO A VETO.

CRITICISM OF THE PRESIDENT'S REMARKS ON THE FENSION BILL.

Report in Favor of Passing the Bill, the Executive's Objection Notwithstanding—Speculation on Manning's Successor—Mrs. Cleveland's Reception—How the Congressional Calendars Look.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21.—The report of the committee on pensions to the house on the president's veto of the dependent pensions bill, made Saturday, sets forth that no objection is made to the bill by the president on the ground of constitutionality; that the first section of the bill is not noticed by the message, although it embodies an independent proposition, and is in the form urged by the secretary of the interior in his last annual report; and whether the president approves or disapproves of the first section is unknown. The president's objections, that the bill is vague in its provisions, and that it might apply to various grades of disability or dependency, are analyzed, and the committee submits, for the judgment of the house, that those who framed the bill after months of consideration have made no mistake, and have confined the bill to one well-defined class, consisting of those totally disabled or dependent on their daily labor for support.

The committee regrets the strained interpretation put on the bill in the message as an excuse rather than a reason for returning it to the house. The committee cannot understand how the president could have overlooked in another measure (the Mexican pension bill) what are alleged to be faults in the present measure. The committee believes that this distinction will not be indorsed by the patriotic sentiment of the country, and thinks that the president's estimate of the expenditure which the enactment of the bill would make necessary is extravagant, and asserts that no consideration of possible cost should be allowed to enter into the question.

Considering the question as one of money expediency the committee thinks that the surplus in the treasury could not be restored to the people in a better manner than that proposed by the bill. It would go to the people in small amounts, and not to huge monopolies. The measure had been asked for on every hand. Protests against it had come only from money centers. The general tone of the message was to be taken as an expression in advance of the president's purpose to use the executive power against further legislation that would add any new class to the pension list, based on the idea that the country was against it. There was a sentiment of that kind, but the committee thought it was not a controlling one. The country did not wish that the defenders of the nation's honor and life should live in misery and want during their declining years. The committee further believes that if more taxes, or a different kind of taxes, were necessary to meet the demand, they would be cheerfully paid by the people. The committee therefore submits its bill again for the judgment of the house, and asks that it receive the most rigid criticism, believing that it will tend to strengthen rather than to weaken it. In conclusion the committee recommends without a dissenting voice that the bill pass notwithstanding the objections of the president. Applause greeted the concluding sentences.

AN UNSETTLED SENATE.

It Partly Considers Several Bills—Political Discussions in the House.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21.—Several petitions from the Ohio Grand Army in favor of the passage of the dependent pensions bill were presented to the senate Saturday. Beck presented a personal memorial in favor of the repeal of the navigation laws, the object being, he said, to enable Americans to own ships on the ocean. He said also that he desired to be heard before the commerce committee on the subject. The military academy appropriation was reported. The resolution to consider the house bill to change the time of the meeting of the Washington Territory assembly was taken up. The object of the bill is to facilitate the taxation of Northern Pacific railway lands. The resolution was debated without action, and the Nicaragua canal bill came up and was laid over, the river and harbor appropriation bill being considered for a short time, and in turn laid aside without important action, and the conference report on the trade dollar received and agreed to. It retains the provision making the trade trade dollars redeemed and recoined, an additional amount of silver coinage each month. The only nays were Frye, George, Jones of Arkansas, Morrill and Sherman. The bill now goes to the president. Further discussion of the river and harbor bill took place, but without action the senate adjourned.

The dependent pension veto was reported to the house with a report favoring the passage of the bill over the veto, and consideration of the matter was deferred until Thursday. Continued disagreement with the senate on the pre-emption, timber culture and desert land bill was reported and consideration postponed. Baker's resolution fixing a date for consideration of territorial admission bills was referred to the committee on rules. The resolution was introduced Friday and was preceded by a preamble charging the Democratic party with obstructing this kind of legislation. Randall moved that the preamble be expunged from Friday's Record, and Hiscock then Baker, in opposing the motion, read the preamble, thus securing its insertion in Saturday's Record. Randall's motion was adopted after a partisan debate, in which Reed said the Democrats opposed the admission of Dakota to prevent her from taking part in next presidential election. Hill of Ohio said Dakota had not asked this congress for admission and when she had asked the Forty-Seventh congress a distinguished Maine senator had denounced her as a repudiator. The conference report on the trade dollar bill was agreed to, and in committee of the whole the senate amendments to the sundry civil bill were considered. An amendment providing for the fencing in of graves of confederates in northern military cemeteries gave rise to a political debate which was finally ended by Randall moving that the amendment be non-concurred in to enable a measure satisfactory to both sides of the chamber to be framed, and the house then adjourned.

THE CONGRESSIONAL LAYOUT.

Business Enough for Six Months and Ten Days to Do It in.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21.—There will be a perfect pot-pourri in the proceedings of congress during the remaining ten days. The calendars of both houses are exceeding cumbersome, and so much business of great importance demands attention that more or less of undue haste will necessarily follow. The calendar of the house is composed of eighty-eight pages, and 1,175 measures, as follows: Bills in committee of the whole, 281; house calendar, 172; private calendar, 671 special orders, 70; bills reported from the private calendar, 8; privileged reports and unfinished business, 16; bills on the union calendar, considered under clause 5, rule 24, 13. The senate calendar has thirty-six pages, including the index, and twenty-seven solid pages, giving the titles of 444 measures. Most of these are for general legislation.

The legislative, executive and judicial; the consular and diplomatic, and the naval appropriation bills are on the calendar, while the general deficiency and fortification appropriation bills are to be reported during the week, thus giving the house quite as much work on appropriation bills as it can perform.

The President Worried.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 12.—The successor of Secretary Manning is the general topic of conversation here. Those who know the president best say he personally prefers Fairchild for the place. Several who have seen the president say he shows great symptoms of worry and unusual agitation. A telegram from New York says it was rumored around political resorts Saturday that ex-Mayor Edward Cooper was to be brought forward as a candidate for secretary of the treasury to succeed Secretary Manning. Several well-known politicians who were spoken to about the rumor said they had heard of such a move. One of them said that he had heard that the Tammany hall and County Democracy leaders had agreed to recommend the appointment of Cooper. He also said that a committee representing the two organizations was about to leave for Washington to see the president in behalf of Cooper.

It can be stated on the best authority that it is not at present the intention of the president to appoint Fairchild, provided a suitable selection can be made from the west, and here is where Pendleton's name comes in.

Hard Work for the "First Lady."

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 11.—The social season at the national capital, which has been an exceptionally brilliant one, closed officially Saturday afternoon with Mrs. Cleveland's reception at the White House to the public. Never in the history of receptions has there been such a throng of people. Mrs. Cleveland was assisted by the ladies of the cabinet, and from 4 until 7 o'clock she stood upon her feet shaking hands with the vast multitude. At 6, the hour for closing, the line, which had extended far out into Pennsylvania avenue, showed but slight signs of diminution, and she graciously extended the time an hour and over, that all might have an opportunity to pay their respects. The ordeal was trying, but she bore it bravely. It is estimated that over 5,000 people called.

Points from the Texas Inquiry.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21.—Riggs P. White, a Republican justice of the peace, before the Texas investigation committee Saturday, testified to holding an inquest on the three negroes who were lynched. He had received notice to leave the county. Republican officeholders had received similar warnings, but were not disturbed. Florence D. Jedon, a lawyer, who had been counsel for the three negroes who were lynched, detailed protestations made by the negroes that they were innocent of complicity in the death of Bolton. Witness had been warned away, but had armed himself and decided to stay. He had not been active in the campaign, and received no warning until he became counsel for the negroes. Adjourned.

A Political Future for Vilas.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21.—The Capitol says that Vilas is going to be a power in the Democratic party for a good while, as well as an important person in the contest in many ways; that he is an owner of a huge stake in the great Gogebic iron range in Wisconsin, and will receive a royalty on every ton of ore taken out of the numerous mines that are rapidly being started there, and that his income from this source is likely to make him many times a millionaire.

An End of His Hopes.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21.—Zachariah Reynolds, a watchman employed in the treasury building, fell through the elevator shaft Saturday night and was killed almost instantly. Reynolds was about 60 years of age, and was appointed last spring from Delaware, where he has a family. No thought of suicide is entertained as the man was one of the happiest of men, and was always building high hopes for the success of himself and family.

Must Be 200 Years Old.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21.—The acting secretary of the treasury has defined the meaning of the word "antique" so that there can be no controversy upon that important topic. Nothing which was manufactured after the year 1,700 can, according to the rulings of the department, be admitted free of duty under the classification collections of antique.

Got More Than Its Share of Land.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21.—The secretary of the interior has notified the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad company to show cause within sixty days why the lands patented to it in Nebraska in excess of the quantity to which it is entitled should not be restored to the public domain.

Will Try to Pass the Ends' Bill.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 21.—The house committee on commerce decided Saturday to report favorably to the house the Eads' ship railroad bill, and directed Reagan to try to pass it during one of the six suspension days at the close of the session.

Good Citizens Feeling Easier.

TUSCOLA, Ills., Feb. 21.—The grand jury of Piatt county, which adjourned Friday, did not take measures to investigate into who were concerned in the lynching of Henry Wildman last October, as was anticipated, and as a consequence many citizens of this county, who undoubtedly had a hand in the matter, rest easier. It is said that several farmers in that vicinity have made it convenient to be absent for the past few weeks.

A Fresh Postal Clerk.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—M. J. Barrows, a substitute clerk in the postoffice here, was discharged promptly Saturday upon the receipt by Postmaster Judd of a letter from him, offering to pay Mr. Judd $50 if he would secure his appointment to an $800 clerkship which would be permanent for eight or ten years. He added that he did not want his offer considered in the light of a bribe—but it was.

Enjoined From Using the Union Label.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 21.—On application of the executive board of the Local Cigarmakers' Union No. 4, Judge Maxwell Saturday morning temporarily enjoined Louis Freiberg & Co. and E. Bamberger from using the union trade-mark on cigars.

Oil Struck at Evansville, Ind.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 21.—The company that have been boring for natural gas near this city "struck oil" Saturday. The depth at which it was found is 735 feet. Boring has ceased, and casing the well will be commenced at once.

A Liberal-Union Loss.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—Mr. Sligg (Gladstonian) has been returned for the parliamentary seat for Banbury, recently made vacant by the death of Mr. Peter Ryland, a Liberal-Unionist.

A Big Failure in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 21.—In the clerk's office of the superior court Saturday afternoon, Phillips Bros. & Co., wholesale dry goods merchants doing business at 360 German street, executed a deed of trust for the benefit of creditors to William J. Bickey. The bond filed by the assignee is $400,000, indicating assets of $200,000.

Worse Than First Reported.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—Thirty-seven deaths have thus far resulted from the explosion in the Catch colliery in the Rhondda Valley on Friday. Several of those who were injured are in a dying state.

His Holiness Claimed Too Much.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg states that in consequence of the pope's excessive claims the Russian government has rejected his proposal for the establishment of diplomatic relations with the holy see.

Physicians Have Found Out

That a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism. This settles upon the sensitive sub-cutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints. No fact which experience has demonstrated in regard to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has stronger evidence to support than this, namely, that this medicine of comprehensive uses checks the formidable and atrocious disease, nor is it less positively established that it is preferable to the poisons often used to arrest it, since the medicine contains only salutary ingredients. It is also a signal remedy for malarial fevers, constipation, dyspepsia, kidney and bladder ailments, debility and other disorders. See that you get the genuine.

—THE GAZETTE IS ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BEST DAILIES PUBLISHED IN THE STATE; THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE IS ONLY 12 CENTS A WEEK DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY

Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Texas, by the remarkable discovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of Consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds. Trial bottles at this Great Disc very for Consumption free at Frank Sherer & Co.

SAINTLY DEFIANCE.

THE MORMON PRESS THANKS GOD AND TAKES COURAGE

That the Anti-Polygamy Bill Is no Worse—The American People Is Told to Crack Its Whip, and That the "Work of the Lord" Will Go on Anyhow.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Feb. 21.—The general feeling among Mormons here over the passage of the Edmunds-Tucker bill is one of elation. The bill is so much more conservative than as originally introduced, that many consider it as a virtual victory for Mormonism.

The Herald says: "If the bill becomes a law, it will work few, if any changes in Utah."

The Deseret News, the organ of the Mormon church, says after a long resume of the bill: "And the jubilation of the motley liberal crowd, which includes all the really criminal elements of the territory and all the hungry and impecunious office-seekers and bar-room loafers, is terribly toned down by doubts that possess their disappointed souls. If the Mormons should conclude to take the test oath and vote after all, where would be the fond anticipations of the expectant hummers? * * * The bill is not anything like what is wanted by the leaguers and their masters who have been rustling up half dollars for the accomplishment of their nefarious purpose. If the Mormons vote the leaguer's money has been worse than wasted, and gloom will cover the conspirators like a funeral pall."

"As for the church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints, it will remain unsuppressed. It will become more consolidated than ever before because of the outward pressure to which its members are subjected by persecution, and whether the bill becomes a law or not, its members will trust in God, live their religion, pursue their course and fill their mission in the world, fearless of all opposition and regardless of all human consequences. The work is the Lords, and who can stay His mighty hand?"

A WILD INDIAN'S GRIEF.

One of Buffalo Bill's Sioux Laments His Brother's Death in Great Shape.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—A Sioux Indian in Buffalo Bill's Wild West show, Muzza by name, which is, being interpreted, Iron, received word Saturday of the recent death of his brother at the Pine Ridge Indian agency in Dakota. Following the custom of the Sioux and of all the northern Indian tribes, Muzza began to express his grief at his brother's death by torturing himself. His object in this was to prove that his affection for his brother was so great that he would willingly have shared with his brother the pains of the latter's sickness and death. Muzza whittled several pieces of hickory wood into shapes resembling that of a common meat skewer. Then he stripped himself, made several pairs of deep gashes in different parts of his body, and passed the skewer through these gashes under the skin. He put three such skewers in each leg and one in his breast, and then paraded through the Indian quarter in the Madison Square garden from 10 o'clock in the morning until noon. Buffalo Bill then persuaded him to take the skewers out.

Broncho Bill, the Indian interpreter of the Wild West, told a reporter that the Indians while on the plains, when mourning in this fashion, were accustomed to hang the head of a Buffalo, or of a cow upon the skewer in the breast and to leave it there until the flesh was pulled through. Muzza being unable to get a buffalo's head, hung a heavy chain upon his breast. The other Indians looked on with great admiration while he was undergoing the torture. Muzza retired to his tepee afterward and entered upon a silent fast will last several days.

An Executive Lock-Out.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—A Washington special to The World says: An amusing incident occurred Saturday afternoon. The president had gone out in his carriage and did not return until about 5:30, when the doors of the White House were closed. Meanwhile, in accordance with a standing order on reception days, the officer on duty had closed all the gates of the grounds at 5 o'clock. The president got out of his carriage, walked up to the side entrance, opposite the treasury, but met with no more success. About 1,000 persons were flocking across the grounds to see the "locked out" president, but one of the officials saw his predicament and hastened to his rescue. One old lady of the thousand or so people who were proposing an out-door reception, managed to get a shake of the president's hand, and expressed her delight in doing so.

Trotting Association Row.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 21.—A scrutiny of trotting association records here shows that of the thirty signers of the call for a new association, nine are not members of the National association. Of the remainder fourteen are located in the western district and five in the central. They are only one each from the eastern and Atlantic districts, whereas of the 272 total membership of the National association, only eighty-one are located in the western district. Members of the National association say that they are daily receiving responses sustaining the course of the association.

A Sixty Thousand Dollar Blaze.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—At 4 o'clock Sunday morning fire occurred on the fifth floor of the six story building Nos. 622 and 624 Broadway, occupied by Korn & Holzman, manufacturers of boys' clothing, whose stock was damaged $25,000. Leppman, Brown & Co., wholesale clothiers, sustained a loss of $10,000. Zemor & Feldstein, dealers in flowers and feathers, $10,000, and Goodrich & Co., carriage goods, $2,000. The building was damaged about $10,000. Nearly all the losses are covered by insurance in local companies.

Wants the Fisheries Question Settled.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The Times advises that no time be lost in effecting a settlement of the fisheries dispute between the United States and Canada before the fishing season opens, because after its commencement the dispute may be complicated by fresh seizures of fishing vessels. "The Canadians," says The Times, "as well as their neighbors must be prepared to waive some of the rights for which they have been stickling."

New Cabinet for Italy.

ROME, Feb. 21.—Signor Depretis has submitted to the king a draft of a new cabinet containing the following names: Count Di Robilant, minister of foreign affairs; Signor Saracco, minister of the interior; Signor Magliana, minister of finance; Signor Viale, minister of war; Signor Grimaldi, minister of public works, and Signor Brin, minister of marine.

Celebrating a King's Birthday.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 21.—Saturday the seventeenth anniversary of the birth of King William was observed throughout Holland as a holiday. The people of this city presented his majesty with a casket, an address, and a Bible, in honor of the event. The day was celebrated in all the cities and towns with great enthusiasm.

Wonderful Cures

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., say: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for two years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by Frank Sherer & Co.

Astonishing Success.

It is the duty of every person who has used *Boschee's German Syrup* to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all druggists to recommend it to the poor, dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 80,000 dozen bottle were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the *German Syrup* cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Sample bottles to try, sold at 10 cents. Regular size, 75 cents. Sold by all druggists and dealers, in the United States and Canada.

Old and reliable Medicines are the best to depend upon. Acker's Blood Elixir has been prescribed for years for all impurities of the Blood. In every form of Scrofulous, Syphilitic or Mercurial diseases, it is invaluable. For Rheumatism, has no equal. Prentice & Evenson, druggist O P

Wrestle at Collar-and-Elbow.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 12.—A very slim audience gathered at Washington rink Saturday night to witness the wrestling match between Col. J. H. McLaughlin, of this city, and J. J. Benjamin, of New York. The contest was for the collar-and-elbow championship of the world and $2,500 a side, best three in five, Ed James rules to govern. Benjamin stripped at 198 pounds, and McLaughlin at 220. Bad blood has existed between the two men for several years, and McLaughlin resigned a good position with a railroad company in order to settle, once for all, the disputed supremacy. The match was remarkable for its brevity, it being only necessary to wrestle four falls, three of which McLaughlin won.

Fight Over a Railway.

ERIE, Pa., Feb. 12.—The troubles between the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway and the Pennsylvania company was renewed here Sunday. The old dispute over the tracks in question and land claimed by both had just been referred to a master, and the Pennsylvania company was off its guard. The Lake Shore took advantage of the opportunity Sunday morning, and with a large force of men went into the Pennsylvania company's coal lines and tore up their track and substituted another of their own. The Pennsylvania forces have received orders from General Manager Baldwin, and a contest is expected.

Where the "Strangler" Learned His Trick.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—"Greek" George and John Michel had a private Graeco-Roman wrestling match Saturday evening in a well-known gymnasium here. The match was best two in three, two points down, and was won by George. It took him twelve minutes to down his opponent in the first bout and six minutes in the second, which he won by a peculiar arm-wrenching lock, which caused the German to yell with pain and roll over on his blades.

Compromised at 40 Cents.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—R. Rothschild & Son, engaged in the manufacture of saloon fixtures, who failed a month ago, have effected a compromise with their creditors on the basis of 40 per cent. and will speedily resume business. The liabilities of the firm amounted to $100,000, with nominal assets amounting to $120,000.

Fast Ocean Time.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—The time of the passage of the steamship Etruria, which arrived here from Liverpool Saturday, was six days, one hour and eighteen minutes. The steamship did not call at Queenstown. The quickest time on record by way of that port was six days, seven hours and forty-eight minutes, made by the Etruria.

MISCELLANEOUS

ST. JACOBS OIL

FOR RHEUMATISM.

☞ After a lapse of years statements confirming the efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil and its permanent cures, are given below.

From an Indian Missionary, March, 1882.

St. Alphonsus Church, Glen's Falls, N. Y.

I am kept in bed by rheumatism, crippled, and am trying St. Jacobs Oil. One simple application eased the pain and gave me comfortable sleep.

REV. L. N. ST. ONGE, P. P.

From Same 4 Years Later—Permanently Cured.

Glen's Falls, N. Y., Oct. 20, 1886.

Everything failed to relieve me until I tried St. Jacobs Oil. One application is sufficient to stop pain in ten minutes; a very few applications reduced the swelling in my joints and cured me.

REV. L. N. ST. ONGE, P. P.

From a Leading Lawyer—April, 1882—Cured.

The sworn statement of David Strouse, Esq., New Haven, Ct., avers in substance: "I had severe rheumatism in arm, hand, leg and foot. I used a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil and obtained a cure."

From Same 4 Years Later—Permanent.

New Haven, Ct., Nov. 1, 1886.

I had severe rheumatism, which disabled me and one bottle of St. Jacobs Oil cured me. I consider it a good thing.

DAVID STROUSE.

From One Attended Like a Child—May, 1882.

Kramer, Snyder Co., Penna.

I had rheumatism so badly they tended me like a child. I used two bottles of St. Jacobs Oil and am now well as ever.

JOHN FIELD.

From Same 4 Years Later—No Return.

Kramer, Snyder Co., Penna., Nov. 5, 1886.

My joints and limbs were contracted and swollen. Two bottles of St. Jacobs Oil entirely eradicated the disease. To-day I am a stout, hearty man.

JOHN FIELD.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

☞ All persons using St. Jacobs Oil or Red Star Cough Cure, will by send a two-cent stamp and a history of their case, receive ADVICE FREE.

RED STAR COUGH CURE

FREE FROM OPIATES AND POISON.

SAFE. SURE. PROMPT. 25 Cts.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

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We have as good a Livery stable as there is in Southern Wisconsin, stocked with a lot of first class Horses and as fine a line of Carriages and Sleighs as can be found in any city.

Special Attention Given to Funerals

Call and see us.

DUNWIDDEE & HUMPHREY.

☞ Horses boarded at reasonable rates

For Sale.

160 acres of the best land in Rock county, 120 acres under the plow, plenty of good wood and water. Substantial improvements. Call or address

ANGIE J. KING,

No. 8 West Milwaukee Street.

TO INVESTORS.

Janesville City Bonds.

The Rock County National Bank offers for sale the entire issue of bonds made by the city of Janesville to the Chicago & Northwestern R. R. Co., amounting to $40,000. These bonds bear interest at the rate of five per cent. and are offered at prices as low as other first-class securities.

January 9, 1887 dawtf

PLOWS REPAIRED

To farmers who are in want of anything in the way of Plow Sharpening or repairing, I wish to say that I have associated with me Mr. Harry Harstad, one of the best Plow workers in the country. Blacksmithing and all kinds of repairing done on short notice. We harden Plows by the same process formerly used by M. A. Johnson.

EDDINGTON & HARSTAD,

☞ Court Street, Next door to Johnson's old stand. febwtfmy

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS

GO TO T. J. ZEIGLER'S, SMITH'S BLOCK, JANESVILLE, WIS., FOR WINTER OVERCOATS AT SPRING PRICES.

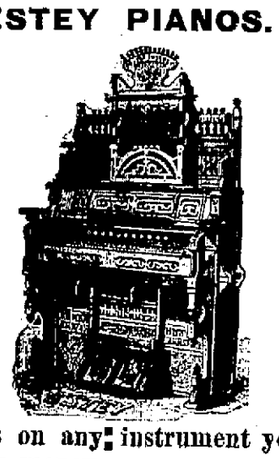
NEW SPRING HATS IN GREAT VARIETY, GLOVES AND MITTENS, TRUNKS, VALISES AT T. J. ZEIGLER'S SMITH'S BLOCK.

BARGAINS IN ALL KINDS OF CLOTHING AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS AT T. J. ZEIGLER'S, SMITH'S BLOCK.

Collin's Music Store!

ESTEY PIANOS.

ESTEY ORGANS



DECKER BROS PIANOS

Get our prices on any instrument you want and we will save you money.

MISCELLANEOUS.

L.S.L.

CAPITAL PRIZE $150 000.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and semi-annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard

J. A. Early

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

J. H. OGLESBY,
Pres. Louisiana National Bank.
P. LANAUX,
Pres. State National Bank.
A. BALDWIN,
Pres. New Orleans National Bank.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION
OVER HALF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.

Louisiana State Lottery Company

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly, and the Semi-Annual Drawings regularly every six months, (June and December.)

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. THIRD GRAND DRAWING, CLASS C IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, March 15, 1887—202nd Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $150,000

Notice—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves, $5. Fifths, $2. Tenths, $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE OF	$150,000....	$150,000
1 GRAND PRIZE OF	50,000....	50,000
1 GRAND PRIZE OF	20,000....	20,000
2 LARGE PRIZES OF	10,000....	20,000
4 LARGE PRIZES OF	5,000....	20,000
20 PRIZES OF	1,000....	20,000
50 " "	500....	25,000
100 " "	300....	30,000
200 " "	200....	40,000
500 " "	100....	50,000
1,000 " "	50....	50,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Approximation Prizes of	$300....	$30,000
100 do do	200....	20,000
100 do do	100....	10,000

2,179 Prizes, amounting to..............$535,000

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. **POSTAL NOTES**, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (at our expense) addressed

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.
or **M. A. DAUPHIN,**
Washington, D. C.

Address Registered Letters to
NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK
New Orleans La.

REMEMBER That the presence of Generals Beauregard and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are equal and that no one can possibly divine what numbers will draw a prize. All parties therefore advertising to guarantee prizes in this Lottery or holding out any other impossible inducements, are swindlers, and only aim to deceive and defraud the unwary.

A Child's Skin

Ears and Scalp Covered with Eczematous scabs and sores Cured by Cuticura.

My little son, aged eight years, has been afflicted with Eczema of the scalp, and at times a great portion of the body, ever since he was two years old. It began in his ears, and extended to his scalp, which became covered with scabs and sores, and from which a sticky fluid poured out, causing intense itching and distress, and leaving his hair matted and lifeless. Underneath these scabs the skin was raw like a piece of beefsteak. Gradually the hair came out and was destroyed, until but a small patch was left at the back of the head. My friends in Peabody know how my little boy has suffered. At night he would scratch his head until his pillow was covered with blood. I used to tie his hands behind him, and in many ways try to prevent his scratching, but it was no use he would scratch. I took him to the hospital and to the best physicians in Peabody without success. About this time, some friends, who had been cured by the Cuticura Remedies prevailed upon me to try them. I began to use them on the 15th of January last. In seven months every particle of the disease was removed. Not a spot or scab remains on his scalp to tell the story of his suffering. His hair has returned, and is thick and strong, and his scalp as sweet and clean as any child's in the world. I cannot say enough to express my gratitude for this wonderful cure by the Cuticura Remedies, and wish all similarly afflicted to know that my statement is true and without exaggeration. CHAS McKAY
Oct 6, 1885. Peabody, Mass.

I have seen Mr. McKay's boy when badly afflicted with the Eczema. He was a pitiful sight to look at. I know that he had tried our best physicians, and did all a father could do for a suffering child, but availed nothing. I know that the statement he has made you as regards the curing of his boy by your Cuticura Remedies are true in every particular.
WILLIAM McCARTHY,
33 Foster St. Peabody, Mass.

I do not know of any instance of which the Cuticura Remedies have failed to produce satisfactory results. I believe I have sold more of them than of any other skin remedies I have ever handled during the thirty-three years of my experience as a druggist.
A. D. TRYEN, Batavia, N. Y.

Cuticura Remedies are sold everywhere. Cuticura, the great skin cure, 50 cts.; Cuticura Soap, an exquisite skin beautifier, 25 cts.; Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, $1.00. Prepared by the Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

PIMPLES, Blackheads, Skin Blemishes and Baby Humors, use Cuticura Soap.

A Word About Catarrh.

"It is the mucous membrane, that wonderful semi-fluid envelope surrounding the delicate tissues of the air and food passages, that Catarrh makes its stronghold. Once established, it eats into the very vitals, and renders life but a long drawn breath of misery and disease, dulling the sense of hearing, trammeling the power of speech, destroying the faculty of smell, tainting the breath, and killing the refined pleasures of taste. Insidiously, by creeping on from a simple cold in the head it assaults the membranous lining and envelopes the bones, eating through the delicate coats and causing inflammation, sloughing and death. Nothing short of total eradication will secure health to the patient, and all alleviative are simply procrastinated sufferings, leading to a fatal termination. Sanford's Radical Cure by Inhalation and by internal administration have never failed; even when the disease had made frightful inroads on delicate constitutions, hearing, smell and taste have been recovered, and the disease thoroughly driven out."

Sanford's Radical Cure consists of one bottle of the Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent, and one Improved Inhaler, neatly wrapped in one package, with full directions; price, $1.00. Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

How it Aches.



Worn out with pain, but still compelled by stern necessity to stand up to the work before us and bear the pain. Relief in one minute in a Cuticura Anti Pain Plaster for the aching sides and back, the weak and painful muscles, the sore chest and hacking cough, and every pain and ache of daily toil. Elegant, new, original, speedy and infallible. At druggists, 25c; five for $1.00; or postage free, of Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.



GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted *absolutely pure* Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street New York

JAMES PYLE'S
PEARLINE
THE BEST THING KNOWN
FOR
Washing and Bleaching
In Hard or Soft, Hot or Cold Water.

SAVES LABOR, TIME and SOAP AMAZINGLY, and gives universal satisfaction. No family, rich or poor, should be without it.

Sold by all Grocers. BEWARE of imitations well designed to mislead. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE labor-saving compound, and always bears the above symbol, and name of
JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

CLOAKS
— AND —
WRAPS!
— AT —
Less than Manufacturers' Prices

In order to reduce our stock of
Cloaks
AND
Wraps

Before our annual stock taking, we will sell every garment at a reduction of $2 to $10. This will be the opportunity of the season to buy choice styles at sacrifice prices.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.
Agents for Buttericks Patterns

FOR DYSPEPSIA.
Mental and Physical Exhaustion, Nervousness, Weakened Energy,
INDIGESTION, ETC



Horsford's
ACID PHOSPHATE.

A liquid preparation of the phosphates and phosphoric acid.

Recommended by physicians

It makes a delicious drink.

Invigorating and strengthening. Pamphlet free.

For sale by all dealers,
Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I.

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GRAEFENBERG PILLS

For Headache, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Indigestion. Mild but effective. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

SCOTT'S
EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda
Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANAEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.

For Sale by all Druggists.

Send for Pamphlet on Wasting Diseases. Address SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

BLANKS!
All kinds at the Gazette Counitng Room.

THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 21.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Chicago & Northwestern.
Trains at Janesville Station.

DEPART.	
For Madison and Winona	12:30 P M
For Chicago*	3:20 A M
For Chicago	7:20 A M
For Chicago	12:25 P M
For Beloit and Caledonia	6:20 A M
For Beloit and Rockford	7:25 P M
For Chicago, Beloit and Rockford*	2:30 P M
For Chicago and Beloit†	1:30 A M
For Madison and Winona	12:30 A M
For Chicago, Beloit and Rockford*	8:40 A M
For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay	1:20 P M
For Milwaukee and Waukesha	4:15 P M
For Milwaukee and Waukesha	1:20 P M
For Milwaukee and Waukesha	6:35 A M
For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay	8:35 P M
For Madison and St Paul*	6:20 P M
For Evansville, Madison and St. Paul (new line)*	2:00 A M
For Evansville and Madison (new line)	7:15 A M
For Evansville and Madison (new line)	3:25 P M
ARRIVE.	
From Beloit and Rockford	8:10 A M
From Beloit and Caledonia	6:20 P M
From Chicago, Beloit and Rockford*	7:35 P M
From Chicago and Beloit	1:15 A M
From Green Bay, Oshkosh and Watertown	12:30 P M
From Green Bay, Oshkosh and Watertown	6:35 A M
From Chicago	8:35 P M
From Madison and Winona	3:15 P M
From Madison and St. Paul*	9:25 A M
From Madison and Winona	2:35 A M
From Madison, Evansville and St. Paul (new line)	3:20 A M
From Madison and Evansville (new line)	11:15 A M
From Madison and Evansville (new line)	9:10 P M
From Chicago*	2:00 A M
From Beloit and Chicago*	1:15 P M

*Daily.
†Daily except Monday.
All other trains daily except Sunday.

C. A. POTTER, Agent, Janesville, Wis.
M. HUGHITT, Gen'l Supt.
E. P. WILSON
General Passenger Agent.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul
TRAINS LEAVE.

For Milwaukee	9:50 A M; 12:45 P M
For Madison and Portage	9:40 A M
For Madison, Prairie du Chien and West	4:45 P M; 9:25 P M
For Chicago, Beloit, Rockford and Rock Island	9:35 A M
For Chicago, Council Bluffs and West	11:55 A M
For Beloit and Rockford	5:00 P M
For Racine, Rock Island and West	8:00 P M
For Monroe, Mineral Point, Platteville and Shullsburg (freight and passenger)	9:50 A M
For Platteville and Shullsburg (mail)	5:55 P M
For Monroe (freight and passenger)	9:45 P M
TRAINS ARRIVE.	
From Milwaukee and Chicago	5:55 P M; 8:50 P M
From St. Paul, Madison and Portage	9:40 A M; 1:37 P M
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit, From Rock Island, St. Louis & West	9:30 A M
From Chicago, Council Bluffs and Southwest	4:44 P M
From Platteville, Mineral Point, Darlington and Monroe	9:36 A M
From Mineral Point & Monroe, (mixed)	4:30 P M

T. T. CROFT Agent,
A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. Agt.

You will notice how quickly a thoroughly successful article is imitated, and also that the imitations are without merit, as they are gotten up by unscrupulous parties. Beware of imitations of Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic. The genuine is sold by Prentice & Evenson and promptly cures dyspepsia, costiveness, bad breath, piles, pimples, ague and malaria diseases, poor appetite, low spirits headache, or diseases of the kidneys, stomach and liver. Price 50 cents.

DEMENTIA DRAMATIZED.

REV. DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON AT THE TABERNACLE.

"Now," and Not "To-morrow," Put Your Trust in God, and Not, Like King David Among the Gathites, "Play the Fool."

BROOKLYN, Feb. 20.—The opening hymn at the Brooklyn Tabernacle this morning, sung by the whole congregation, begins:

Safely through another week
God has brought us on our way;
Let us now a blessing seek,
Waiting in His courts to-day.

Professor Henry Eyre Brown, the organist, rendered Satz No. 1 in C minor, by Thiele. After a running commentary on appropriate passages of Scripture, the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, D.D., took for his text: "And he changed his behavior before them, and feigned himself mad in their hands, and scrabbled on the doors of the gate and let his spittle fall down upon his beard"—I Sam. xxi, 13. He said:

There is one scene in the life of David that you may not have pondered. You have seen him with a harp, playing the devil out of Saul; with a sling, smashing the skull of Goliath; with a sword, hacking to pieces the Philistines; with a scepter, ruling a vast realm; with a psalm, gathering all nations into doxology; but in my text, you have David playing the fool. He has been anointed king, yet he is in exile and passing incognito among the Gathites. They begin to suspect who he is, and say: "I wonder if this is the warrior King David? It looks like him. Is not this the man about whom they used to make poetry, and about whom they composed a dance, so that the maidens of the city, reeling now on one foot and now on the other, used to sing: "Saul has slain his thousands, but David has slain his tens of thousands?" Yes, it is very much like David. It must be David. It is David." David, to escape their hands, pretends to be demented. He said within himself: "If I act crazily, then of course these people will not injure me. No one would be so much of a coward as to assault a madman." So, one day, while these Gathites are watching David with increased suspicion, they see him standing by the door running his hands meaninglessly up and down the panels—scrabbling on the door as though he would climb up, his mouth wide open, drooling like an infant. I suppose the boys of the streets threw missiles at him; but the sober people of the town said: "This is not fair. Do you not see that he has lost his reason? Do not touch this madman. Hands off! hands off!" So David escaped; but what an exhibition he made of himself before all the ages! There was a majesty in King Lear's madness after Regan and Goneril, his daughters, had persuaded him to banish their sister Cordelia, and all the friends of the drama have been filled with that spectacle. The craziness of Meg. Merrilies was weird and imposing, and the most telling passage in Walter Scott's "Guy Mannering." There was a fascination about the insanity of Alexander Cruden, who made the best concordance of the Bible that the world ever saw—made it between the mad houses. Some time ago, while I was visiting the insane asylum on Blackwell's island, a demented woman came up to me and said, in most tragic style:

God moves in a mysterious way
His wonders to perform;
He plants His footsteps in the sea
And rides upon the storm.

But there was nothing grand, nothing weird, nothing majestic, nothing sublime about this simulation on the part of David. Instead of trusting in the Lord, as he had on other occasions, he gathers before him a vast audience of all generations that were to come, and standing on that conspicuous stage of history, in the presence of all the ages, he impersonates the slavering idiot. "And he changed his behavior before them, and feigned himself mad in their hands, and scrabbled at the door of the gate, and let his spittle fall down upon his beard."

Taking the behavior of David as a suggestion, I wish to tell you how many of the wise, and the brave, and the regal sometimes play the fool. And in the first place, I remark that those men as badly play the fool as this man of the text, who in any crisis of life take their case out of the hand of God. David, in this case, acted as though there were no God to lift him out of the predicament. What a contrast between his behavior, when this brave little man stood up in front of the giant ten feet in height, and looking into his face, said: "Thou comest to me with a sword, and with a spear, and with a shield; but I come to thee in the name of the Lord of Hosts, the God of the armies of Israel, whom thou hast defied. This day will the Lord deliver thee into mine hand, and I will smite thee, and take thine head from thee, and I will give the carcasses of the hosts of the Philistines this day unto the fowls of the air, and to the wild beasts of the earth, that all the earth may know that there is a God in Israel"—between that time and this time, when he debased himself, and bedraggled his manhood, and affected insanity in order that he might escape from the grip of the Gathites. In the one case he played the hero. In the other case he played the fool. So does every man who, in the great crisis of life, takes his case out of the hand of God. The life of the most insignificant man in this house is too vast for any human management. One time, returning from the west, I very easily got on the locomotive while passing over the plains, and talked with the engineer; but coming on toward the Alleghany mountains, I thought I would like to sit on the locomotive as it came down from the mountains amid that most wonderful scenery on this continent. I asked the engineer if I might ride, but he courteously denied me, for there the grade is so steep, and so winding, and so perilous, that he must not have any one on the locomotive who may divert his attention when eye, and hand, and foot, and brain must be concentrated, ready for the most sudden emergency. Well, my friends, life is so steep, and so perilous, and so exposed to sudden surprises, that none but the Lord Almighty can guide and engineer it, and our disasters come from the fact that we want to get up and help the Lord to manage the train. Keep off the engine! Be willing to let God pull you where he wants to pull you. You have no right for an instant to surrender your sanity and manhood as David surrendered his. Put your trust in God, as he will take you through and over the mountains. I very much suspect that all the successful enterprises that were ever carried on, and all the successful lives that have ever been lived, have been fully surrendered to God. When the girl Victoria was awakened in the night and told that the throne of Great Britain was hers, she said to the prelate informing her: "I ask your prayers," and then and there they knelt down and prayed. Do you wonder that though since that time all the thrones of Europe have fallen or been fearfully shaken, hers stands as firm as the day she ascended it; and in every country under the sun wherever an Englishman hears that name pronounced, he feels like waving his hat and crying: "God save the Queen!" That man and that woman, who put their trust in God, will go through in triumph; while those who attempt to gather under their own supervision the intricate and elaborate affairs of their life are miserably playing the fool. I stood on the beach looking off upon the sea; and there was a strong wind blowing, and I noticed that some of the vessels were going that way, and other vessels were going another way. I said to myself: "How is it that the same wind sends one vessel in one direction and another vessel in another direction?" I found out, by looking, that it was the different way they had the sails set. And so does trouble come on this world. Some men it drives into the harbor of heaven and other men it drives on the rocks. It depends upon the way you have your sails set. All the Atlantic and Pacific oceans of surging sorrow cannot sink a soul that has asked for God's pilotage. The difficulty is that when we have misfortunes of any kind we put them in God's hand, and they stay there a little while; and then we go and get them again, and bring them back. A vessel comes in from a foreign port. As it comes near the harbor it sees a pilot floating about. It hails the pilot. The pilot comes on board, and he says: "Now, captain, you have had a stormy passage. Go down and sleep, and I will take the vessel down into New York harbor." After awhile the captain begins to think: "Am I right in trusting this vessel to that pilot? I guess I'll go up and see." So he comes to the pilot and says: "Don't you see that rock? Don't you see those headlands? You will wreck the ship. Let me lay hold the helm for awhile for myself, and then I'll trust to you." The pilot becomes angry, and says: "I will either take care of this ship or not. If you want to, I will get into my yawl and go ashore, or back to my boat." Now we say to the Lord: "O, God, take my life, take my all in Thy keeping! Be Thou my guide; be Thou my pilot." We go along for a little while, and suddenly wake up and say: "Things are going all wrong. O, Lord, we are driving on these rocks, and Thou art going to let us be shipwrecked." God says: "You go and rest; I will take charge of this vessel, and take it into the harbor. It is God's business to comfort, and it is our business to be comforted. Herbert, the great thinker, philosophized about himself, philosophized about this world, philosophized about everything, then in his dying moments asked that only one word might be cut upon his tombstone, and that word "Infelicissimus"—most unhappy—descriptive of the state of the lives and of the deaths of those who take their case out of the hand of God. The only appropriate inscription for their banqueting hall, and their equipage, and their grave, and the wall of their eternal prison house—"Infelicissimus." In drooling, moral idiocy, they are scrabbling at the door of their happiness, which never opens, miserably playing the fool.

Again: I remark that all those persons played the fool, as certainly did this man of the text, who allow the technicalities of religion to stop their salvation. David was wise about a great many things, but his cuttings-up in the text for a little while eclipsed his character. And I know wise men and great men, competent for all other stations, who are acting a silly and foolish part in regard to the technicalities of religion. They ask us some questions which we cannot answer categorically, and so they burst into a broad guffaw, as though it is of any more interest to us than it ought to be to them. About the atonement, about God's decrees, about man's destiny, they ask a great many questions which we cannot answer, and so they deride us, as though we could not ask them a thousand questions that they cannot answer, about their eyes, about their ears, about their finger nails, about everything. A fool can ask a question that a wise man cannot answer. Oh, you caviling men! Oh, you profound men! Oh, you learned men, do please admit something. You have a soul? Yes. Will it live forever? Yes. Where? You say that Jesus Christ is not a divine Saviour. Who is he? Where will you go after you leave your law books, and your medical prescriptions, and your club room, and your newspaper office—where will you go to? Your body will be six feet under ground. Where will your soul be? The black coat will be off, the shroud on. Those spectacles will be removed from your vision, for the sod will press your eyelids. Have you any idea that an earthly almanac describes the years of your lifetime? Of what stuff shall I gather the material for the letters of that word which describes your eternal home? Shall it be iron chain or amaranthine garland? The air that stirs the besweated locks of your dying pillow, will it come off a garden or a desert? O, quit the puzzling questions and try those momentous questions. Quit the small questions and try these great questions. Instead of discussing whether the serpent in Eden was figurative or literal, whether the Mediterranean fish did or did not swallow the recreant prophet, whether this and that, and the other thing is right or wrong, come and discuss one question: "How shall I get rid of my sins and win heaven?" That is the question for you. Yes, there have been men who have actually lost their souls because they thought there was a discrepancy between Moses and Professor Silliman—because they could not understand how there could be light before the sun rose—the light appearing in verse 3 of Genesis, and the sun appearing not until verse 16—and because they do not know how the moon could stand still without upsetting the universe, and because they had decided upon the theory of natural selection. A German philosopher in dying had for his chief sorrow that he had not devoted his whole life to the study of the dative case. Oh, when your immortality is in peril, why quibble? Quit these non-essentials, my dear brother. In the name of God, I ask you in regard to these matters of the immortal soul, that you do not play the fool.

What is that man doing over in Bowling Green, New York? Well, he is going in for a ticket for a transatlantic voyage. He is quarreling with the clerk about the spots—the red spots on the ticket—and he is quarreling about the peculiar signature of the president of the steamship company, and he is quarreling about the manner of the clerk who hands him the ticket. How long has he been standing there? Three weeks. Meanwhile perhaps twenty steamers have gone out of port, and I hear the shriek of the steam tug that could take him to the last vessel that could bear him to his engagement in London. Still he stands in Bowling Green discussing the ticket. What do you say in regard to that man? You say he is a fool. Well, in that very way are many men acting in regard to many matters of the soul. They are caviling about the atonement, the red spots on the ticket, about the character of the minister who hands them the ticket—about whether it has a divine or human signature, and meanwhile, all their opportunities for heaven are sailing out of the harbor, and I hear the last tap of the bell announcing their last chance for heaven. Go aboard! Do not waste any more time in higgling and carping, and criticising, and wondering, and, in the presence of an astounded heaven, playing the fool.

I go still further, and say to you that those men play the fool who undertake to pay out eternity for time. How little care do we bestow upon the railroad depot where we stop twenty minutes to dine. We dash in and we dash out again. We do not examine the architecture of the building nor the face of the caterer. We supply our hunger, we pay our money and we put on our hat and take our place in the train. What is that depot as compared with the place for which we are bound? Now, my friends, this world is only a stopping place on the way to a momentous destination, and yet how many of us sit down as though we had consummated our journey, as though we had come to the final depot, when our stopping here is as compared with our stopping there as is twenty minutes to twelve hours—yea, as the one hundredth part of a second compared with ten thousand million years! Would Spain sell us Cuba for a bushel of wheat? Would England sell us India for a ton of coal? Would Venice sell us all her pictures for an American schoolboy's sketch? Ah! that would be a better bargain for England, Spain and Venice than that man makes who gives his eternity for time. Yet how many there are who are saying to-day: "Give me the world's dollars and you may have the eternal rewards. Give me the world's applause and you may have the garlands of God. Give me twenty, or forty, or sixty years of worldly successes and I don't care what becomes of the future. I am going into that world uninsured. I take the responsibility. Don't bother me about your religion. Here I have the two worlds before me—this one and the next. I have chosen this. Go away from me, God and angels, and all thoughts of the future!"

But where is Croesus, and Cleopatra, and Æsopus, who had one dish of food that cost $1,400,000; and Lentulus, who had a pond of fish worth $175,000; and Scaurus, who bought a country seat for $29,000,000; and Tiberius, who left at death a fortune of $118,120,000? Where are they? If a windy day should blow all the dust that is left of them into your eyes, it would not make you wink twice! Ah, my friends, then very certainly your comforts of surrounding cannot keep back the old archer. You cannot charm him with music or dazzle him with plate, or decoy him with pictures, or bribe him with your money.

What is the use of your struggling for that which you cannot keep? As long as you have clothes and food and shelter and education for yourselves and your children and the means for Christian generosity, be satisfied. You worry, and tug, and sweat, and wear yourself out for that which cannot satisfy. Whole flocks of crows' feet on your temples and cheeks before they ought to have come there. You are ten years older than you ought to be, and yet you cannot take along with you into the future world even the two pennies on your eyelids to keep them shut after you are dead. And yet you hold on to this world with the avidity of the miser who persisted in having his bonds and mortgages and notes of hand in the bosom of his dressing gown while he was dying, and in the last moment held his parchment in such a tight grip that the undertaker after death must almost break the man's fingers in order to get the bonds away. Men are actually making that choice, while there are others who have done far differently. When they tried to bribe with money Martin Luther, some one said: "There's no use trying to do that—that Dutch beast cares nothing for gold." When they tried by giving him a cardinal's hat, to bribe Savonarola, he stood up in his pulpit and cried out: "I will have no red hat, save that of martyrdom, colored with my own blood." These men chose Christ amid great persecutions; but how many there are in this day, when Christianity seems to be popular, who are ashamed of Christ and not willing to take the hardships—the seeming hardships—of His religion. And, alas for them! for long after the crash of the world's demolition, they shall find that in all these years they were turning their backs upon the palaces of heaven, scrabbling on the door of this world's treasure house, the saliva of a terrific lunacy on their lips—horribly and overwhelmingly playing the fool.

Once more I say to you that those men play the fool who, while they admit the righteousness of religion, set it down for future attendance. Do you know how many times the word "now" occurs in the Bible? Over 200 times. One of the shortest words in the Bible, and yet one of the grandest in meaning and ramifications. When does the Bible say is the best time to repent? Now. When does the Bible say that God will forgive? Now. When does God say is the only safe time to attend to the matters of the soul? Now. But that word "now" melts away as easily as a snowflake in the evening rain. Where is the "now" of the dead last year? the "now" of the dead of last month? the "now" of the dead of last week? the "now" of the dead of yesterday? Time picked it up in its beak and flew away with it. Swammerdam and other naturalists tell us there are insects which within the space of one minute are born, fulfill their mission, celebrate their nuptials, and die; but this wonderful "now" is more shortlived than they. It is a flash, a stroke, a glance. Its cradle is its grave. If men catch it at all, it is with quick clutch. Millions of men have lost their soul immortal because they did not understand the momentum and the ponderosity of that one word. All the strategic powers of hell are exerted in trying to subtract from the energy and emphasis of that word. They say it is only a word of three letters, while there is a better word of eight letters—"to-morrow." They say: "Throw away that small word and take this other grand one;" and so men say: "Give us 'to-morrow' and take away from us 'now;' and between those two words is the Appian way of death, and a great multitude throng that road, jostling and elbowing each other, hastening on swifter and swifter to die. For how much would you walk the edge of the roof of your house? For how much would you come out on the most dangerous peak of the Matterhorn and wave your cap? You say: "No money could induce me to do it." And yet you stand to-day, with one foot on a crumbling moment and the other foot lifted, not knowing where you will put it down, while the distance between you and the bottom of the depth beneath you no plummet can measure, no arithmetic calculate, no wing of lightning cleave. And yet, the Bible tells us that unless a man has a new heart he cannot get into heaven; and some of you are not seeking for that new heart. In Mexico, sometimes the ground suddenly opens, and a man standing near the gap can see down an appalling distance. But, O! if to-day, at your feet, there should open the chasms of the lost world, how you would fling yourself back and hold the pew, and cry: "God save me—now! now! now!"

I greet you to-day, my brother, in the very gate of eternity. Some of us may live a longer and some of us may live a shorter time; but, at the longest, life is so short that I feel we all stand on the doorsill of the great future. The next step—all the angels of God cannot undo the consequences. Will your exit from this life be a rising or a falling? The righteous go up. The Saviour helps them. Ministering spirits meet them. The doors of paradise open to receive them. Up! up! up! O, a grand thing it is to die with a strong faith in God, like that which Stonewall Jackson had, when, in his expiring moments, he said: "Let us cross over the river, and lie down under the shade." But to leave this world unpreparedly is falling—falling from God, falling from hope, falling from peace, falling from heaven—swiftly falling, wildly falling, forever falling. So it was with one who had been eminent for his intelligence, but who had omitted all preparation for the future world, and had come down to his last hour. He said to his wife, seated by the bedside: "Oh, don't talk to me about pain; it is the mind, woman, it is the mind! Of all the years of my life, I never lived one minute for heaven. It is awfully dark here," he whispered, "it is awfully dark. I seem to stand on the slippery edge of a great gulf! I shall fall! I am falling!" And with a shriek, as when a man tumbles over a precipice, he expired. Wise for this world, about all the matters of his immortal soul he was, his life long, playing the fool.

I will take the case of some one in the building to-day and ask you what you think about that case. He has been all his life amid Bibles and churches, so that he knows his duty. Christ has offered to do all for that man that a Divine Saviour can offer to do for a dying soul. Heaven has been offered him, yea, been pushed upon him, and yet he has not accepted it, and to-day, he sits deliberately allowing his chances for life to go away from him. What do you say of that one? "Hallucinated," says one; "Monomaniacal," says another; "Playing the fool," says another. O, how many there are taking just that position! There is such a thing as pyromania, an insanity which disposes one to destroy buildings by fire; but who would have thought that there was a pyromania of the immortal nature, and that any one could be so struck through with that insanity as to have a desire and disposition to consume the soul?

Awake, man! awake, woman! from the phantasia, real or affected. Take Christ. Escape for eternity. Just see what has been done for you. Lift the thorny cap from the brow of Jesus, and see the price that was paid for your liberation. Look at the side, and see where the spear went in and moved round and round, amid broken arteries, the blood rushing forth in awful sacrifice for your sins. O, wrap these bare and mutilated feet of the dying Lord in your womanly lap, for they were torn in a hard tramp for your soul! O, for tears to weep over this laceration of Christ! O, for a broken heart to worship Him! O, for an omnipotent impulse strong enough to throw this whole audience down at the feet of a crucified and risen Jesus! We must repent. We must believe. We must be saved. I cannot consent to have you lose your souls. Come with me, and as in the summer time we go down to the beach and bathe in the waters, so to-day let us join hands and wade down into the summery sea of God's forgiveness. Roll over us, tides of everlasting love, roll over us! Dear Lord, we knock at the door of mercy, not as the demented knock, not knowing what they want, but knocking at the door of mercy because we want to come in, while others run their meaningless hands up and down the panels and scrabble at the gate, in the presence of God and men and angels and devils playing the fool.

IT IS WONDERFUL

how easily rheumatism begins, and how insidiously it grows in the system, until one is startled to find himself its victim in either the acute or chronic form. He then learns the fearful tenacity of its grip and the utter powerlessness of the ordinary remedies to give relief.

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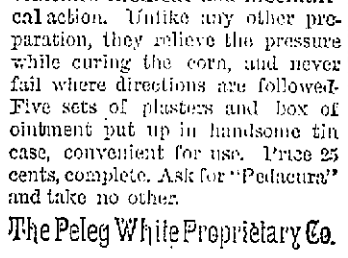
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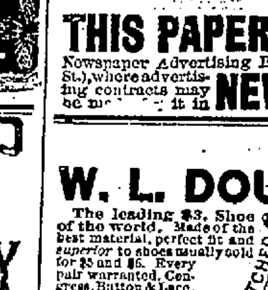
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LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF WISCONSIN.—COUNTY COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.—In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at the March term of the county court to be held in and for said county, at the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the 1st Tuesday of March, A. D. 1887, being March first, 1887, at ten o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The petition of Hiram A. Stone, administrator of the estate of Peter Neyhart, deceased, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, deceased, for leave to mortgage or sell the following real estate, situate in the city of Janesville, Rock county, Wisconsin, to-wit:

Unnumbered lot west of lots three (3) and four (4) in block twelve (12) of Rockport, in the city of Janesville, in said county, according to the recorded plat thereof, to pay the debts of said deceased and the expenses of administration of the estate of said deceased.—Dated January 20, 1887.

By the Court
J. W. SALE,
jan25d4w County Judge

STATE OF WISCONSIN—COUNTY COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.—In probate.

Notice is hereby given that at the March term of the County Court, to be held in and for said county at the Court House, in the City of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday of March, A. D., 1887, being March 1st, 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of C. S. Jackman for examination, adjustment and allowance of his account as executor of the last will and testament of Abbey Ann Smith late of the city of Janesville, in said county, deceased, and for the assignment and distribution of the residue of the estate of said deceased in accordance with the provisions of the will.—Dated January 20, 1887.

By the Court.
J. W. SALE,
jan21d3w County Judge.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY—In the matter of the assignment of F. S. Lawrence & Co., debtor, to Charles B. Conrad, assignee. To all creditors of F. S. Lawrence & Co.:

You are hereby notified that on the third day of February, A. D. 1887, the co-partnership of F. S. Lawrence & Company, of the city of Janesville, county of Rock, State of Wisconsin, made, executed and delivered to me a voluntary assignment of all of its property for the benefit of its creditors; that my postoffice address is at said city of Janesville, in the county of Rock, in the state of Wisconsin; and you are further notified that every creditor of said copartnership of F. S. Lawrence & Co., assignor, is required to file within three months, with myself as assignee, or with Emmett D. McGowan the clerk of the circuit court for Rock county aforesaid, whose postoffice address is at said city of Janesville, in said county and state, on pain of being debarred a dividend, an affidavit setting forth his name, residence and postoffice address, the nature, consideration and amount of his debt, claimed by him, over, and above all offsets.—Dated at Janesville, Rock county, Wisconsin, this 7th day of February, A. D., 1887.

CHARLES B. CONRAD,
feb11d3w Assignee.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT ROCK COUNTY—A. H. Sheldon, plaintiff vs. John Moore, defendant.

The State of Wisconsin, to the said defendant

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint.

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Plaintiff's Attorneys.
P. O. Address, Janesville, Rock county, Wis
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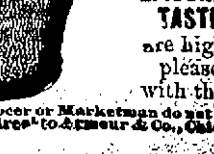
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No pains are spared to make these meats THE BEST that can be produced. People of EPICUREAN TASTES are highly pleased with them.

If your Grocer or Marketman do not keep them, send direct to Armour & Co., Chicago.

THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY FEBRUARY 21.

LOCAL MATTERS.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Splendid chance for right parties. See me at Park house. Don't wait. J. B. FURMAN, Manager.

Gibson's Chlorodyne Cough Tablets at Golling's.

We are showing more new dress goods and trimmings than all the stores in the city combined. BORT, BAILEY & CO.

A fresh line of imported candies at Golling's.

"We are out of the woods", murmured our elegant new passamenterie trimmings jet drops, etc., as they were lifted out of the boxes—more handsome effects were never exhibited in the city. Customers who have been waiting for them, and all others in search of fashionable ornamentations for dresses should make a note of this. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

A new line of carpets at both brussels and ingrain at Bort, Bailey & Co.

Maple sugar fresh at Golling's.

An immense line of new white goods and Hamburg embroieries, all grades, styles, and qualities at popular prices. BORT, BAILEY & CO.

Mr. James Pool has located in business elsewhere and his beautiful home, including two lots, corner of Jackson and Ravine streets, can be bought at such an extremely low price as only the change of residence and the necessities of business will justify. Possession given at once. C. E. BOWLES.

We are showing a fine line of new black goods including all the new weaves of French goods that are being brought out this season.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

Fresh bananas and Malaga grapes at Gollings.

A very substantial bargain is offered in Black Rhadama satin at J. M. Bostwick & Sons'.

Another invoice of Florida oranges and tropical fruit at the Star next door to Conrad & Baker's.

Solid meat bulk oysters, fresh every morning and crackers thrown in at East End Grocery. BRACE & BROWN.

Fresh Neufchatell cheese at Denniston's.

The greatest variety of ladies' and children's rubber gossamers ranging in price from $5 down at J. M. Bostwick & Sons'.

Visit the Star for warm lunches.

Try our choice Family Flour, $1.00 per sack. BRACE & BROWN, East End.

The show windows of the Star restaurant are attracting much attention.

Condensed sense—read and reflect. Just received a large assortment of fancy linen checks, single and double widths for children's suits, etc. Desirable line of tidy crashes, damask towels. Turkish towels, etc.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Home Life of Great Authors, by Hattie Tynk Griswold, at Sutherland's bookstore.

Do not forget the special sale of corsets at Archie Reid's this week.

This may interest you—a new line of handsome shades in 35c satins just received.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

No more decided hit has been made in the restaurant business this year than that made by the warm lunches, at the Star restaurant on South Main street.

D. Conger has money to loan.

From now on we will be in daily receipt of new goods for the spring season. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

For Sale.

The business known as the New York Saving Store is offered for sale with stock of fancy goods, fixtures, etc Splendid opportunity to secure a first class cash business with a well established and profitable trade. Apply to Wheeler & Stevens.

Ladies buy your corset waists and corset covers cheap, at Archie Reid's special ale this week.

Artistic Valentines. Call and see them Sutherland's bookstore.

Economy and solid satisfaction is guaranteed if you trade with J. M. Bostwick & Sons'.

Buy one of Dr. Warner's health sets at Archie Reid's special sale this week.

Don't fail to buy an overcoat of T. J. Zeigler. See his prices in another column.

For good livery turnouts go to Dunwiddie & Humphrey's.

Just received 250 doz. sample corsets for Archie Reid's special sale of corsets this week.

Dr. Warner's Coraline corsets only 50 and 75 cents at Archie Reid's special sale this week.

Overcoats at cost for the next 30 days at T. J. Ziegler's.

Hot meals at all hours, at Gollings.

Anyone desiring a loan of money upon sufficient security, can procure the same on very favorable terms, of C. E. BOWLES.

$1,700 will buy 4 acres of fine land with improvements that have cost $2,000 H. H. BLANCHARD.

G. Cogswell & Co. are offering grand pebble goat and kid button at $2, $2.50 and $3. Cash does it.

FOR SALE—Best lot in the city, situated on Main Street, fronting court house. H. H. BLANCHARD.

It is a fact that Archie Reid has more corsets, more styles and better goods than all the other houses in the city and sells them cheaper at his special sale this week.

Spanish onions at Denniston's.

Want a General Act. and 50 Sub Agts. in your Co. to sell my goods. Rare chance. $25 a week salary, or send 50 cts. on the $1 com. Address with stamp for terms. F. M. WEAVER, No. 6, W. Ohio St., Indianapolis, Ind. jan10dly

THE DAILY GAZETTE,

Has increased its circulation twenty-five per cent during the past year. As an advertising medium it is recognized as reliable and effective.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE is without a rival in the county. The rates of advertising are always based upon circulation If you have anything to say to the people of the city or county you can speak to more of them through the columns of the GAZETTE than through any other medium published in the same territory.

BRIEFLETS.

—Golling will serve oysters to-night.

—This afternoon a jury is being drawn in the Eldred case.

—Regular meeting of the common council this evening.

—Concordia masquerade at the Riverside rink this evening.

—Supper for those at the masquerade will be served at the Star.

—Judge Bennett will return to Jefferson, to hold court, on Wednesday.

—After visiting the theatre or the masquerade to-night, stop in at the Star for refreshments.

—Agnes Herndon, as "Violet", in the Commercial Tourist's Bride, at the opera house this evening.

—The pupils of "Our District Skewl" will go to Milton this evening, where an exhibition will be given.

—The remains of Mrs. F. P. Dobson will be interred at Oak Hill Tuesday, at two p. m. Prayer at the grave.

—School children are glad that "he did it with his little hatchet." They have a holiday to-morrow on that account.

—Those with an appetite for Shurtleff's cookery should visit the Star to-night, as "G. A." will preside there in all his glory.

—Alfred McCulloch, of the town of Porter, has been taken to Madison by Sheriff Ward and confined in the Mendota insane asylum.

—Crystal Temple of Honor No. 32 assemble in regular weekly meeting this evening in their hall in the Judd block North Main street.

—The W. H. Sargent Woman's Relief Corp, auxiliary to the Grand Army, will hold their regular meeting Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at Post hall.

—Several people that tried to drive diagonally across Milwaukee street near the postoffice have found to their cost that cutters are not proof against being upset.

—Mrs. J. L. Ford has presented the Woman's Christian Temperance Union a nicely framed photograph of Miss Frances E. Willard, for which the ladies return thanks.

—At the Congregational church last evening instead of the regular service there was a missionary meeting, conducted by the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor.

—Anderson's orchestra went to Baraboo this afternoon, and will play there to-night. To-morrow night they will be at Milton Junction, while the remainder of the week will be spent in Illinois.

—Mrs. John Griffiths entertained the Buoni Amici progressive euchre club Saturday evening, and was assisted by Mrs. V. P. Richardson and Mrs. A. D. Smith. The evening was passed most pleasantly.

—Marshal Hogan arrested John Delaney yesterday for disturbing the Salvation Army. This morning after some difficulty he managed to get the complaining witness up in court and have the trial begun.

—The Young Woman's Christian Temperance Union will hold its regular meeting Tuesday, Feb. 22, at 4 o'clock in the W. C. T. U. rooms. All young ladies are invited to attend and become members.

—The artesian well is now about 700 feet deep and a good flow of water is found, the pressure was ascertained to be this afternoon 12 pounds, and it raised water to a height of 24 feet above the surface of the ground.

—For luncheon or oysters those attending the masquerade to-night are invited to visit Tuckwood's. Coffee, sandwiches, rusks and other refreshments will be served as the genial proprietor so well knows how to serve them.

—To-day the bindery of H. J. Lawrence is being moved from Milwaukee street to more commodious quarters in Norcross' block on River street. Mr Lawrence's trade has increased until the rooms where he has been are considerably too small.

—A strong sermon upon amusements as relating to to the christian life, was preached by the Rev. Thomas Walker last evening. He defined the position of the church on that subject, and told what amusements were and what were not objectionable.

—The statement in Saturdays' issue of the Gazette that Mr. Isaac Farnsworth intends removing to Rockford is a little premature. Mr. Farnsworth will retain his residence in the Bower City where he has so long resided, but will spend a portion of his time in Rockford.

—The home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Day has been turned into deep mourning, the little eight year old daughter, Edna, having been called to her heavenly home. The summons was very sudden, as she was ill only a few hours before death. The family will have the sympathy of all in their sad bereavement.

—Miss Hattie Reeves died yesterday at half past two o'clock at the home of her sister, Mrs. Charles Downing, in the town of Janesville. She had been sick for some time past of consumption, and a brother and sister arrived from the east on Thursday, called here by the news that their sister was rapidly failing. Funeral services will be held from the home to-morrow morning at ten o'clock, and the remains will be taken to New York for burial.

—Justin McCarthy came near skipping his engagement at Decatur, Illinois, as he did here. He missed the train out from St. Louis but hired a "special" and managed to make the trip on time. Just now the settlement of the Janesville matter is in doubt, Mr. Mosely garnisheed the receipts at Madison, about two hundred and fifty dollars, but McCarthy's manager had twenty days to answer and his time is not yet up.

—To-morrow evening at 6:30 o'clock the raffle for Johnny Hines' horse will take place at the Janesville Machine Co. works. About one hundred and fifty tickets have been sold. Mr. W. E. Spicer has taken much interest in disposing of tickets for the benefit of the invalid, and the result will be a good substantial benefit, no matter who wins the horse. A few more tickets remain unsold, perhaps the lucky one.

—The Wisconsin Grand Encampment of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows will assemble at Baraboo at two o'clock to-morrow afternoon, it being the annual session of that grand order. Grand Patriarch S. B. Kenyon, of this city, will preside. He will be accompanied to Baraboo by District Deputy Grand Patriarch James A. Fathers, of this city, and by Mr. J. F. Hutchinson, who goes as representative of Rock River Encampment No. 3, of this city. The meeting will probably last three or four days.

—Mrs. J. H. Kinney, president of the local W. C. T. U., opened the Sunday afternoon meeting at the Wayside Inn by an address of welcome. She spoke to a large audience, for the capacity of the room was thoroughly tested. In the course of the meeting Dr. Hodge read a number of scripture passages bearing on temperance, and made comments upon each one; while the Rev. W. F. Brown spoke with much force upon the temperance movement and its history. He confined himself more especially to the Presbyterian church, saying that he was most familiar with that, and by confining himself to it, could speak to better effect in the limited time given him. The meeting was a very interesting one, and gave promise of the accomplishment of much good.

OBITUARY.

STEPHEN HEIMSTREET.

Mr. E. B. Heimstreet received a dispatch this morning announcing the death of his father, Mr. Stephen Heimstreet, which sad event occurred at the home of his son-in-law, Mr. Henry Holmes, at Troy, New York, Sunday morning.

Mr. Heimstreet was born in New York state November 24th, 1813, and was therefore a little over 74 years of age at the time of his death. He was married to Miss Emeline Spicer in 1835, who, with one daughter, Mrs. Henry Holmes, of Troy, New York, and one son, Mr. E. B. Heimstreet, of this city, survive him.

Deceased was engaged for many years in the drug business at Lansingburg, New York, in 1855, he moved to Keokuk, Iowa, where he engaged in the same business, and in 1857 he moved back to New York state, remaining in Troy until 1868, when he came to Janesville and engaged in the drug trade in 1869, in which he continued until 1877, when he sold out to his son, Mr. E. B. Heimstreet. After retiring from business Mr. Heimstreet devoted a large part of his time to the cultivation of flowers and houseplants at his beautiful grounds on South Main street.

At the time he took up his residence in Janesville he became a member of the First Methodist church, and was one of the first to assist in the organization of Court Street church, of which society he remained a consistent and devout member until called to that church "not made with hands, eternal in heaven."

He possessed a kind and charitable heart, and was always ready to extend a helping hand to the afflicted, and words of christian consolation to the bereaved.

The interment will be made in the family lot at Troy. Mr. E. B. Heimstreet, who visited his father a few days ago, in answer to a telegraph summons, returned, all thinking that his father might recover. The dispatch announcing his death was sent yesterday morning, but was not delivered until this morning, and therefore Mr. Heimstreet is unable to reach Troy in time for the funeral service.

PERSONAL.

—William Gode and Paul Rudolph, of this city, will leave Chicago for California to-morrow.

—City Treasurer Murphy and wife returned this morning from a Sunday's visit to friends in Brodhead.

—Miss Aggie and Lizzie Wicks have been guests of Miss Jessie Fredericks, of the fifth ward, for a short time past.

—Miss Blanche Inman, of Bradford, is in the city, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Floyd Murdock.

—Hon. Clarence I. Miltimore, an old Janesville boy, and now a member of the Dakota legislature, is in the city.

—Mrs. C. B. Conrad started this morning for Florida. She was accompanied as far as Chicago by her husband,

—Mr. and Mrs. Alexander McNaughton, of the first ward, have returned from a two months visit with friends in other cities.

—Miss Emma Taylor, who has been visiting at her uncle's, Mr. H. S. Woodruff's, returned to her home in Fond du Lac on Friday.

—Mrs. Phil. Pugsley, of Elgin, Ill., is visiting in the city for a short time, a guest of of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Marquissee, and other friends.

—Mr. E. W. Davies, cashier of the Pipestone County bank, of Pipestone, Minn., is spending a few days with old friends in the city, and is the guest of Mr. E. C. Burdick, of the first ward. Mr. Davies is an old resident of Rock county He went to Minnesota eighteen years ago.

Only three weeks more of our closing sale. Balance of stock must be moved at any sacrifice. Greater bargains than ever during the next three weeks.

SCOTT & CO., N. Y. SAVING STORE.

THE WEATHER.

At seven o'clock yesterday morning the thermometer indicated 23 degrees above zero. Partly cloudy with west wind. At one o'clock p. m. the register was 39 degrees above zero. Cloudy, with west wind. For the corresponding hours last year the register was 1 and 29 degrees above zero. At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated 25 degrees above zero. Cloudy with west wind. At one o'clock p. m. the register was 37 degrees above zero. Cloudy with east wind. For the corresponding hours one year ago the register was 25 and 27 degrees above zero.

Time and money saved by using Fairbank's Soaps. Try them and you will be convinced.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The Rev. Mr. Peake Makes Some Very Pertinent Remarks on That Subject.

Whereupon Superintendent Keyes Offers a Few Explanations.

"A GODLESS LULLABY."

Rev. T. DeWitt Peake discussed the questions yesterday evening, "Shall Christianity be Taught in Our Common Schools?" The gentleman said: This is a living question. It ought to lie upon the hearts of all, but it does not. Parents ought to keep their eyes on the school room, where our children spend almost half their waking moments from six years of age to twenty.

I wish to look at this question from the standpoint of a christian statesman rather than that of the preacher. The common school is the cradle of American childhood. On one side of this cradle stands an army of unbelievers that want to take charge of this cradle and sing

A GODLESS LULLABY

over it. On the other side there is an army of christians, devout and mainly liberal. This army really has the cradle in charge, has had it in charge, for they made the cradle. Now one of the problems that this age must solve is "Which of these contesting bodies shall rock this cradle?" Another form of this question is, "Shall common school instruction be religious or irreligious?" If it is to be religious, it must be christian. If it is to be irreligious it must be infidel. This country is organically and fundamentally christian, hence where christianity is ignored all religion is ignored. To oppose christianity in this country is to oppose all the moral and religious institutions of the country. Education, if American, must be Christian; I mean by this, that the religious and the secular shall be so blended and united, as to fit our children for worthy citizenship.

The army on the other side want all religion left out of sight. This is the doctrine taught in some of the pulpits of our country, but by such pulpits as flippantly call the Bible a

"SUPERSTITIOUS OLD BOOK"

and its doctrines "absurd" and "shocking." This godless culture is applauded upon platforms but such as never lose an opportunity to weaken men's faith in the religion of the land. This godless education too is often applauded in teachers institutes, by those who are engaged in teaching the children of christian people. I have heard this done more than once.

Let us bring the matter to our own homes. Have not strange echoes floated down at times from your own high school building yonder! Echoes which so far as you can interpret them sound very strange if not irreverent. Hear them, "the Bible is a good book, but it is just like all other good books;" "There is another bible, the bible of the ages that is always true." These are only echoes, they are hideous in their indefiniteness, I hope they are wild and lying ones. I sincerely hope they are as unreal as the stuff dreams are made of, but if there be a voice, in authority behind these echoes then complaint and protest are in order.

CONTEMPT IS NOT ENOUGH,

for persistent assumptions, though careless, may, unless disallowed, at length claim respect and after a time become arguments. Christianity does not speak of her sacred book herself, in either irreverent or doubtful terms, nor can she permit persons to do so without rebuke. No, christianity says, "The bible is the book of God, and is superior to all other good books." She says: her "Bible is the only bible."

The speaker here gave Pestalozzis and Herbert Spencer's definite of education, and said he agreed with both. The first gives the method. The second gives the end. Spencer says: "Education is to fit us for complete living," but we need Jesus to tell us what complete living is. He insisted that to fit mem for complete living in a christian country the training must be christian. It must progress along the lines of christian thought, and in harmony with christian ideas. It cannot be done by the teacher who tells your son or daughter, that the religion of the country is false, a delusion, that it is narrow, and that its teachers are

BIGOTS AND FOOLS,

and that there is a Bible of the Ages, better than the Bible his mother reads. The moment you unsettle a young man by forcing thought upon him you have made him an unbeliever. If our schools do not teach christianity, they will teach no religion at all. There is no middle ground.

The speaker further insisted that the state was christian, and if it did not furnish moral and religious instruction to the children of the country, it had no certain means of self-protection. The state cannot compel the church to give the children moral training. The church cannot compel the children to come to the Sunday school and the church to get instructions in morals. The speaker supported this position by a quotation from President Seelye, of Amherst college. He closed by saying, if christianity were stricken from our laws, its sanctions and influence withdrawn from the affairs of the state, hopeless anarchy and dismal ruin would be the result, and yet we are tauntingly told by cold, bloodless Godless, ignorant and irreverent secularists, that the state is wholly indifferent to religion. We do not want sectarianism taught in our common schools, but we do want Christianity taught there. We must insist upon this.

At the close of the sermon

PROFESSOR KEYES AROSE

in his seat to explain some of the points brought out. "Echoes have floated down from the schools" he said "but I can say of my personal knowledge that there is not an atom of truth in them." He continued by saying that the statement regarding the bibles' merits, made before the recent teachers' institute, had come from a gentleman, who has frequently filled the pulpit of the Whitewater Methodist church.

Under the circumstances set forth, the speaker would admit that there was ground for protest, but from his own observation he could say that all over the state just such religious instructions are being given as his friend wanted. Not one of the teachers neglects any opportunity to inculcate the teachings of the decalogue, and the discussion, the speaker thought, arose simply from a

DIFFERENCE IN TERMS.

He said further, that he should not take into consideration the attempt to use that which is untrue in attacking our public school system because he believed his hearers were all friends of the school, and he wanted them to hear him when he said that these reports and rumors were without the least foundation. The instructions to teachers in the Janesville schools, are to leave theology entirely alone. In at least thirty of the rooms, however, the bible is read every day, and it is read with more or less regularity in all of the others. "I hope," said the professor, as he sat down," that this audience will make an investigation before they believe some of the things that are said, and I hope also that my friend, Mr. Peake, will do this, for I do not believe that he has made any attacks from ill feeling."

"I want to assure my friend," said Mr. Peake immediately," that

THERE WAS NOTHING PERSONAL

in what was said. I felt the subject to be of such importance that it should be held up to the public eye.

"Still it is true that 'echoes' have reached my ear, among them being that children have left school simply because their religious sensibilities have been shocked."

Professor Keyes responded that he would be glad to hear more about this matter when there was time for discussion, as he believed the records would show that nothing of the kind was true.

THE HACKLEMAN CASE.

Mr. Hodson Explains His Reason for Prosecution.

To the Editor.

I see by yesterday morning's Recorder an article that insinuates that I prosecuted one Hackleman maliciously. In order to place myself in the true light before the public, I wish you would publish the following facts:

The man Arndt who loaded the car for Hackleman stated before myself, City Attorney Pierce and the district attorney that Herman Lightfoot and Beaver brought eight to twenty sacks of flour to the car that Hackleman was loading that were sold by Beaver to Hackleman; also that when 25 sacks of flour was ordered from the mill Beaver and Lightfoot brought 30 sacks; also that when Arndt and Hackleman left the car together, Beaver joined them and said to Hackleman, I have made you five more. They then shook hands. When they reached the corner of Academy and Milwaukee streets, Beaver and Hackleman went some distance from Arndt, and Hackleman paid Beaver some money. When he returned to Arndt and says, Beaver is afraid of you but I am not, as I have known you a long time; but I would advise you not to say any thing about this as it might be the means of a hard working man loosing his place. On this and other evidence, with advise of counsel, I made the complaint. The evidence in the Beaver trial shows that Hackleman bought 20 sacks of flour, all of my "Vienna" brand except two sacks of "Patent." This flour according to his own testimony he bought for one dollar per sack. He also bought of me the same kind of flour at wholesale price, $1 10 and $1.25 per sack. Now if Mr. Hackleman bought this flour of Mr. Beaver in good faith would it not be natural that he would want an explanation of me to know why it was that a man in my employ could sell him the same kind of flour ten and twenty-five cts. per sack cheaper than I would sell to him, But Mr. Hackleman did nothing of the kind.

The public can judge from the above statement of facts whether I was justified in making a complaint, charging Hackleman with receiving stolen goods.

C. W. HODSON.

Having made final arrangements for the disposal of the balance of our stock, we now announce the last three weeks of our great cost sale. Full lines of desirable goods still on hand, will be sold at any sacrifice necessary to move them.

SCOTT & CO., (N. Y. S. S.)

To wash easily and remove dirt effectually, use Fairbank's well known Laundry Soap.

REGARDING THAT SERMON.

Professor Keyes and the Rev. Mr. Peake Express their Views.

At the Rev. T. DeWitt Peake's home, this morning, a reporter found Mr. Peake and Superintendent Keyes in a friendly discussion of some of the points brought out at Court Street church last night.

"I want you to make this point," said the first named gentleman, "There was no intention of assailing the management of our city schools. I had heard rumors concerning the schools and thought that, in justice to the superintendent and to the cause of Christ they should be discussed."

When asked for his views upon how far the religious teachings of the schools should extend, he said, "Do not misunderstand me on this point, for I should object just as strongly to having Methodism taught as to having any other 'ism'. What I want brought out is simply the essence of christianity without any sectarian distinctions. I should not even insist upon the reading of the bible, because in some men's mouths the words of the scripture would be sheer mockery."

"Our opening exercises" said Professor Keyes, in answer to a question, "are to make the children feel that it is good to be there; and whatever will give them inspiration, that the teacher is told to use. We aim to make them see that there is a great deal more in life than geography and arithmetic and grammar. I don't think that between myself and Mr. Peake there is a great deal of difference. One thing is certain," he added, laughingly, "from this out I shall refuse to be interviewed; everyone that I met to-day has tried it, and it is becoming monotonous."

The best on earth can truly be said of Grigg's Glycerine Salve, which is a sure safe and speedy cure for cuts, bruises scalds, burns, wounds, and all other sores Will positely cure piles, tetter and all skin eruption. Try this wonderful healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. Sold by Prentice Frentice & Evenson, opposite postoffice.

Corsets, corsets, special sale of sample corsets at half price at Archie Reid's this week.

THE WATER WORKS.

The Superintendent of the Madison Plant Explains His Report.

To the Editor.

I send you, for publication, if you choose to print it, portions of a letter received from the superintendent of water works of Madison. Some one had sent to him a copy of your paper, containing a notice of the Madison reports, which drew out the letter of Mr. Heim intending to correct some errors therein. Yours truly,

J. J. R. PEASE.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 18, 1887.

J. J. R. Pease, Esq., Janesville, Wis.:

DEAR SIR—The Gazette of 14th inst. at hand, and note that an article signed "B," endeavors to cut to pieces the report of our water works of 1886, claiming that the commissioners and superintendent's report do not agree with the statement of the secretary.

The commissioners and superintendent's report is for the year ending October 1st, 1886; and the statement of the secretary covering that period of time fully agree with the report. But, the secretary also shows, for the benefit of our citizens, the total receipts and disbursements to October 1, 1886, amounting to $156,640.

We will now compare city ownership vs. private corporation, at Madison, likewise at Janesville.

1st. We will compare cost of water works at Madison, after its fourth year of existence, according to secretary's report:

Capital invested	$150,010 90
Interest on construction to Oct. 1, 1886	21,320 96
Operating expenses	23,522 84
Total cost	$200,481 70

We have now eighteen (18) miles of pipe and 168 hydrants (the 13 miles was a typographical error). Receipts during that time being only $3,176.30 to October 1st, 1883, and are to October 1st, 1886, $30,623.09. Balance on hand October 1st, 1886 $9,097.40. Total $39,720.58.

Deducting this sum from above $200,481.70 and the cost is $160,764.12 to Oct. 1, 1886.

But there should be deducted the further sum of $13,140.00 for service connections furnished by city, (which expense no private company incurs) and the actual cost is reduced to $153,624.12.

2d. Ownership by company as offered to city of Madison, 100 hydrants at $82.50, each additional hydrant $50. We would have 125, hydrants Oct. 1882. Extensions for first year, cost $9,500; 2d year, $9,950; 3d year, $10,400; 4th year, $11,000, total, $40,850, which includes 30 hydrants added.

In the first instance the city owns $156,640.90 value of property.

In the second the city owns nothing, while the city has furnished the water takers, service pipe free. A company incurs no expense for service pipe, but its patrons must pay for all the cost, etc. of same.

Now in case the city of Madison desired to purchase after five years, assuming only the miles of pipe laid to October 1st, 1886, being 18 miles, 180 hydrants or an additional hydrant rental it would amount to for the fifth year, $12,250, or sum total expended for hydrant rentals, $53,100. Cost of plant to company to date, $165,000, adding 6 per cent on the investment, $9 900, total, $228,000, the cost to the city for ownership after 5 years. Which is the best investment?

Third, offer of company to Janesville. 150 hydrants $4,500; 12 miles of pipe; $25 for each additional hydrant. Calculating on the same basis as Madison 18 miles—10 hydrants to mile—60 hydrants, adding say 12 each year and cost of extensions, $27,000. Cost of plant deducting service connections $110,000. Interest on do. $6,600. If the city of Janesville desired to purchase she would have to pay for the property $143,600. The company building receiving all the income for the five years.

Fourth, Will the plant be as good as if the city put it in?

What machinery, pipes, hydrants, valves, etc., will be put in, and especially if the contract be worded that it must be purchased after a given time.

This enterprise is not for one, five, or ten years, but a perpetual burden—the plant will never be purchased—after a given time there is no money to buy with.

How gladly would cities undo the contracts entered into with companies. San Francisco has offered millions; just look at our sister city of Oshkosh, already anxious to own. We must only refer to cities where companies own the water works. What is best? If the city owns its works it is more liberal with its own people in rates; and as a rule when cities own the works, they aid the water taker, by laying service pipe to curbstone, —something companies never do.

We are more than pleased with our results and investment. Our calculations were, that not until after five years of existence, would receipts cover operating expenses; whereas indications show that not only operating, but also interest on bonds, will be covered thereby; and in less than twenty years, the works will be paid for from the receipts. I have endeavored to cover everything that a question may be raised upon, and trust explicit enough. The pains I have taken is cheerfully given, and will be well repaid, if I succeed in preventing the city of Janesville foisting a perpetual debt upon its shoulders, and throw away its well earned reputation. Every citizen of Madison will concur with me in what I have stated. By all means, city to own it. Yours respectfully,

JOHN B. HEIM.

Physic is necessary at times for biliousness, Costiveness, etc. Use Dr. Arnold's Bilious Pills. 25c.

LAST CALL!

The following explains itself:

NEW YORK, Feb. 10th, 1887.

Messrs. Scott & Co., Janesville, Wis.:

Having made final arrangements looking to the disposal of the Janesville branch store, we desire you to make efforts to reduce stock as far as possible, within the next three weeks, the main point being to *sell the goods* at any sacrifice you may deem necessary.

Respectfully,

HOLMES & SCOTT, New York.

NOTICE.

All parties owing the firm of Kimball & Lowell must make settlement within thirty days from date of this notice, or same will be placed with an attorney for collection as we are about to close out our hardware business.

KIMBALL & LOWELL.

Jan. 27, 1887.

THE MASQUERADE.

This evening occurs the nineteenth annual masquerade of the Janesville Concordia society at the Riverside rink, and it will be the grandest affair of the kind ever given in this city. The committee of arrangements have been unceasing and painstaking in their efforts to eclipse all other ante-Lenten festivals in Janesville, and we are assured of the grand success of every detail. The following programme has been arranged for the evening:

The grand entree will take place at half past nine o clock, sharp, in the following order:

1. United States Marine Band.
2. Goddess of Liberty drawn by Monkeys.
3. Prince Carnival drawn by Frogs.
4. Gambrinous.
5. Emigrant ship with band.
6. Clown.
7. Old Maid's Mill.
8. Rocky Mountain Grizzly Bear.

By special request Prof. W. P. Weizman, of Hamburg, Germany, will give a ropewalking exhibition a la Blondin.

A realistic picture of southern plantation life will be one of the prominent features of the evening's entertainment.

At 11:30 masks will be removed and from that hour until the break of day pleasure will reign supreme. Smith & Corliss' orchestra has been engaged to furnish music which is a sufficient guarantee of excellence in that particular, and the dancing tickets will be but fifty cents; spectators, 25 cents. You will certainly regret it if you do not take it in.

Only three weeks more to buy new goods at cost. Greater bargains than ever. Absolute sacrifice of the entire stock! We want to move all the goods we can within three weeks, and will sell at an immense sacrifice to move the store goods. SCOTT & CO., N. Y. S. S.

New Glarus Extension C. M. & St. P.

The surveyors are making good progress running the line for the proposed extension of the C. M. & St. P. railroad from Albany to New Glarus. Saturday they had reached a point a short distance west of the Montello woolen mills near Monticello. They expect to reach New Glarus by Wednesday of this week, and will then return to Albany and run another line directly west for some distance to intersect the line already run on Sanford Flints' farm south of Little Sugar river. This change, if found practicable, will shorten up the distance considerably and insure a better roadbed.

Greater bargains than ever, for the next three weeks.

SCOTT & CO., (N. Y. S. S.)

What's better for a wound than Salvation Oil? Echo answers: "What." We answer: "Nothing." "So say we all all! Only 25 cts.

A poor unfortunate in Milwaukee is said to have sneezed himself to death. Alas, poor creature living in the light of the nineteenth century and never heard of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Well this is more than Egyptian darkness!

Dissolution Notice.

The lumber firm known as Fifield & Bro. has been dissolved by mutual consent, D. E. Fifield retiring from the firm, having sold his interest to L. Fifield.

L. FIFIELD,
D. E. FIFIELD,

L. Fifield will continue the lumber business at the old yard on Jackson street. All debts due the firm will be collected by him, and all demands against the firm will be paid by him. This change makes it necessary for all debts due the old firm should be settled at once.

L. FIFIELD.

P. P. P. P.

Means the King of all Plasters, Pomeroy's Petroline Pourused. They relieve instantly, cure quickly. Sold by druggists and Prentice & Evenson, agents.

ATTENTION, SELECT KNIGHTS!

There will be a special assembly of Rock Legion, Select Knights at 7:30 sharp, on Monday night. Every Select Knight is requested to be present as there is to be an installation of candidates.

R. A. BURNS, Commander.

Don't be humbugged into buying a poor porous plaster. Ask for "Pomeroy's Petroline Plaster." Prentice & Evenson, opposite postoffice.

Tobacco Sales.

Sales of seed leaf tobacco reported by J. S. Gans' Son & Co., tobacco brokers' No. 131 Water Street, New York, for the week ending February 21, 1887.

350 cases, crop of 1881-83, Pennsylvania, at 11 to 13 cents.

150 cases, crop of 1885, Pennsylvania, at 12 to 17 cents.

150 cases, crop of 1885, Pennsylvania Havana, p. t.

350 cases crop of 1885, Wisconsin Havana, at 8 to 10 cents.

400 cases, crop of 1884-'5, State Havana, at 11 to 17 cents.

80 cases, crop of 1881, New England Havana, at 17½ cents.

150 cases Sundries, at 9 to 30 cents.

Total cases, 1,630.

"GIVE ELY'S CREAM BALM a trial. This justly celebrated remedy for the cure of catarrh, hay fever, cold in the head, etc., can be obtained of any reputable druggist, and may be relied upon as a safe and pleasant remedy for the above complaints, and will give immediate relief. It is not a liquid, snuff or powder, has no offensive odor and can be used at any time with good results, as thousands can can testify, among them some of the attaches of this office.—*Spirit of the Times* May 29, 1886.

D. Conger has a fine list of houses and lots for sale at a bargain.

Try that pure fruit jelly at Brace & Brown's, they are fooling it away at 7c per pound. Warranted to be pure.

Catering for parties atteded to by Golling. Silverware and all other supplies furnished if desired. Orders taken for Shurtleff's cream.

Thousands of cases of Consumption are cured every year by Acker's celebrated English Remedy It is a guaranted preparation, if it does not help you it will cost you nothing Try it. A single dose will show its good effect. Trial bottles 10 cts. Prentice & Evenson, opp. postoffice

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

Advice to Mothers.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhea. 25c a bottle 1801yr

Men's, boys' and youths' Patent Leather pumps at G. Cogswell & Co's.

Who Wants a Dairy Farm?

I offer for sale a strictly first class farm of 134 acres, located one mile from a thriving town of 2,000 inhabitants, having buildings and conveniences for stock and dairy purposes worth alone $5,000. Owner has the entire milk trade of the town, averaging 150 to 200 quarts daily. Will sell with the farm the milk business, thirty cows, six horses, and all the farm utensils and machinery at a liberal discount from cash value. Good reason for selling immediately.

C. E. BOWLES,
Janesville, Wis.

History of Our Own Times, by Justin McCarthy, for sale at Sutherland's.

Loan and Insurance Office.

$15,000 to loan at 7 per cent long time Must be first class security. Apply a the insurance and real estate office, next door east of Rock County National bank, first floor. SILAS HAYNER.

A Bargain.

A good seven year road horse with covered buggy and harness, for sale cheap, if sold within ten days. Enquire at Nelson Brothers' Livery stable.

BUILD YOU A HOME.

On one of those fine lots in the first ward, near street car line, that D. Conger can sell you for $200, on easy terms.

Sample corsets at half price at Archie Reid's special sale this week.

Stoves and ranges and furniture of all kins at hard times prices at the stove and furniture store of S. F. Sanborn, 58 North Main street, in I. O. O. F. block.

Boston Brown Bread at Denniston's.

FOR SALE—House and four lots for $600. H. H. BLANCHARD.

FOR SALE—A new milch cow. Inquire at this office.

Good horses and cutters at reasonable prices at Dunwiddie & Humphrey's.

WANTED—A MAN OF TEMPERATE AND moral habits, seeking employment, to represent an old established house in his own section. Salary, if suited, $100 per month. References exacted.
AM. MANUFACTURING HOUSE, 12 Barclay St. N. Y.

Finest line of can and bulk oysters in the city, at Golling's.

D. Conger has fine lots or sale at all prices, from $150 to $1,100, on easy terms

Fine ripe bananas at Denniston's.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

J. B. MINOR, REPRESENTING CHANDLER BROWN CO., AND G. S. EVERINGHAM & CO. GRAIN AND PROVISIONS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—2:30 P. M.

DESCRIPTION.	OPENED.	HIGHEST	LOWEST	CLOSED
Wheat	$	$		$
Mar.	73½	73½	72¾	73
Apr.	74½	74½	73¾	73¾
May	79⅛	79¼	78¾	78½
Corn,—				
Mar.	34	34	33½	33¾
Apr.	34¼	34¼	33¾	33¾
May	39⅞	39½	38¾	$ 38¾
Oats.—	$		$	
Mar	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¾
Apr.	24	24	23⅞	24⅛
May	28⅝	28⅝	28¼	28½
Pork,—	$	$		$
Mar.	14 70	14 95	14 70	14 95
Apr.	14 70	14 95	14 70	14 95
May	15 10	15 10	14 80	15 70

G. COGSWELL & CO.

Call - Special - Attention

TO THEIR

LADIES' PEBBLE GOAT BUTTON BOOTS.

Worked button holes, solid insoles and counters, extra value, price

$2.00.

Cash Does it.

Ladies' Fine Pebble Goat Button Boots, extra quality--Reynolds Bros. make, price,

$2.50.

CASH DOES IT.



Ladies' Fine Pebble Goat Button Boots, supereor quality, price

$3.00

CASH DOES IT.

Sole agents in Janesville for Wisconsin Shoe Co's. boots and shoes, every pair warranted.



DAISY KID BUTTON, PRICE $2,75

Boots and Shoes Made to Measure.
Repairing Done on Short Notice.

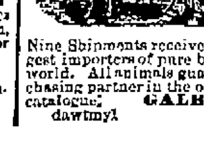
G. COGSWELL & CO.

2 doors west of the postoffice.

CLYDESDALE

AND

ENGLISH Shire Horses !



We have in our barn for sale the winners of 81 premiums this fall, 46 of which are first, also 4 sweepstakes, 2 gold medals and 1 silver medal, including the Illinois Minnesota and Wisconsin State Fairs.

Nine Shipments received this season. The largest importers of pure bred Clydesdales in the world. All animals guaranteed. Resident purchasing partner in the old country. Send for catalogue. GALBRAITH BROS. dawtmyl Janesville, Wis.